Abstract

In case operators decide not to evaluate BGP route prefixes according to RPKI route origin validation (ROV), none of the available states as specified in RFC 6811 do properly represent this decision. This document introduces "Unverified" as well-defined validation state which allows to properly identify route prefixes as not evaluated according to RPKI route origin validation.

Status of This Memo

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1. Introduction

Prefix origin validation provides well-defined validation states. Though, there are instances in which no evaluation of a route prefix is performed, not through RPKI route origin validation [RFC6811], signaling via the extended community string as specified in [RFC8097], or operator configuration. In these circumstances RFC 6811 specifies the implementation SHOULD initialize the validation state of such route to "NotFound". Here, the absence of a well-defined validation state for a route prefix not evaluated, requires the usage of a state otherwise reserved as outcome of the evaluation of such. This "waters" down the meaning of the used state. The specification of a proper validation state that allows identifying non-evaluated routes, becomes of essence once an operator decides to write policies on the validation state "NotFound". A route prefix labeled "NotFound" cannot be considered same as an unverified route prefix.

Hence, this document updates RFC 6811 and RFC 8097 by adding the proposed validation state "Unverified".

1.1. Terminology

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "NOT RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in BCP 14 [RFC2119] [RFC8174] when, and only when, they appear in all capitals, as shown here.

2. Suggested Reading

It is assumed that the reader understands BGP [RFC4271], the RPKI [RFC6480], Route Origin Authorizations (ROAs) [RFC6482], RPKI-based Prefix Validation [RFC6811], BGP Prefix Origin Validation State Extended Community [RFC8097], Clarifications to BGP Origin Validation Based on Resource Public Key Infrastructure (RPKI) [RFC8481]

3. Initializing route prefixes

This document introduces the validation state "Unverified" to be used for route prefixes that are not evaluated through either operator configuration, RPKI route origin validation, or other means such as receiving a signaled validation state via the extended community string. To allow proper initialization the following state is introduced:

- Unverified: Specifies the state of a route prefix on which no evaluation has been performed.
3.1. Update to RFC 6811

RFC 6811 specifies that:

If validation is not performed on a Route, the implementation SHOULD initialize the validation state of such a route to "NotFound".

This document specifies that:

If no evaluation of a route prefix is performed in any form, the implementation MUST initialize the validation state of such a route to "Unverified".

This removes the necessity to initialize the route with any of the states "Valid", "Invalid", or "NotFound" and therefore does not "water-down" the meaning of such.

3.2. Update to RFC 8097

As specified in RFC 8097:

If the router is configured to support the extensions defined in this document" - (RFC 8097) - ", it SHOULD attach the origin validation state extended community to BGP UPDATE messages sent to IBGP peers by mapping the computed validation state in the last octet of the extended community.

The missing part here is what to do with route prefixes not evaluated and no validation state was assigned. At this point the only solution is to omit the extended community for such routes. If the usage of the extended community would have been negotiated during the BGP OPEN MESSAGE the receiver would be able to determine that the sender did not evaluate the route in any form. But this is not the case, so a receiver does not know if the sender is RPKI capable and chose not to attach the origin validation state to the BGP UPDATE or the route did not have any validation state assigned.

Hence, this document specifies for all routes that are labeled as "Unverified" to attach the "unverified" state extended community to BGP UPDATE messages send to IBGP peers by mapping the computed validation state in the last octet of the extended community.
AS specified in the table below, this document adds the value "unverified = 3" to the list of acceptable values.

The value on the protocol

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>Lookup result = &quot;valid&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Lookup result = &quot;not found&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Lookup result = &quot;invalid&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Lookup result = &quot;unverified&quot;</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. Usage Considerations

The well-defined validation state "Unverified" allows to distinguish between evaluated routes and non-evaluated routes. This allows the operator to create policies to treat such route prefixes different from route prefixes labeled with one of the validation states "Valid", "NotFound", or "Invalid".

4. Security Considerations

This document introduces no new security concerns beyond what is described in [RFC6811] and [RFC8097]

5. IANA Considerations

This document has no IANA actions.
6. References

6.1. Normative References


8.2. Informative References


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