Abstract

EAP Session-Id derivation has not been defined for EAP-SIM, EAP-AKA, and EAP-AKA’ when using the fast re-authentication exchange instead of full authentication. This document updates [RFC5247] to define those derivations for EAP-SIM, and EAP-AKA. [AKAP] defines the Session-ID for EAP-AKA’, so the definition for EAP-AKA’ is not included here. [RFC5247] also does not define Session-Id derivation for PEAP. A definition is given here which follows the definition for other TLS-based EAP methods.

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1. Introduction

EAP [RFC3748] Session-Id derivation has not been defined for EAP-SIM, EAP-AKA, and EAP-AKA’ when using the fast re-authentication exchange instead of full authentication. [RFC5247] defines the Session-Id for these EAP methods, but that derivation is only applicable for the full authentication case.

The IEEE is defining FILS authentication [FILS], which needs the EAP Session-Id for in order for the EAP Re-authentication Protocol (ERP) [RFC5296] to work, it would be important to get this resolved with a clearly defined and agreed derivation rules to allow fast re-authentication cases to be used to derive ERP key hierarchy.

Further, [RFC5247] did not define Session-Id for PEAP. We correct that deficiency here.

1.1. Requirements Language

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "NOT RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in BCP 14 [RFC2119] [RFC8174] when, and only when, they appear in all capitals, as shown here.
2. Updates to RFC 5247 Appendix A

This section updates [RFC5247] Appendix A to define Session-Id for fast re-authentication exchange for EAP-AKA and EAP-SIM. It further defines Session-ID derivation for PEAP.

2.1. EAP-AKA

For EAP-AKA, [RFC5247] Appendix A says:

EAP-AKA is defined in [RFC4187]. The EAP-AKA Session-Id is the concatenation of the EAP Type Code (0x17) with the contents of the RAND field from the AT_RAND attribute, followed by the contents of the AUTN field in the AT_AUTN attribute:

Session-Id = 0x17 || RAND || AUTN

It should say:

EAP-AKA is defined in [RFC4187]. When using full authentication, the EAP-AKA Session-Id is the concatenation of the EAP Type Code (0x17) with the contents of the RAND field from the AT_RAND attribute, followed by the contents of the AUTN field in the AT_AUTN attribute:

Session-Id = 0x17 || RAND || AUTN

When using fast re-authentication, the EAP-AKA Session-Id is the concatenation of the EAP Type Code (0x17) with the contents of the NONCE_S field from the AT_NONCE_S attribute, followed by the contents of the MAC field from the AT_MAC attribute from EAP-Request/AKA-Reauthentication:

Session-Id = 0x17 || NONCE_S || MAC

2.2. EAP-SIM

Similarly for EAP-SIM, it says:

EAP-SIM is defined in [RFC4186]. The EAP-SIM Session-Id is the concatenation of the EAP Type Code (0x12) with the contents of the...
RAND field from the AT_RAND attribute, followed by the contents of the NONCE_MT field in the AT_NONCE_MT attribute:

Session-Id = 0x12 || RAND || NONCE_MT

The Peer-Id is the contents of the Identity field from the AT_IDENTITY attribute, using only the Actual Identity Length octets from the beginning, however. Note that the contents are used as they are transmitted, regardless of whether the transmitted identity was a permanent, pseudonym, or fast EAP re-authentication identity. The Server-Id is the null string (zero length).

It should say:

**EAP-SIM**

EAP-SIM is defined in [RFC4186]. The EAP-SIM Session-Id is the concatenation of the EAP Type Code (0x12) with the contents of the RAND field from the AT_RAND attribute, followed by the contents of the NONCE_MT field in the AT_NONCE_MT attribute:

Session-Id = 0x12 || RAND || NONCE_MT

The Peer-Id is the contents of the Identity field from the AT_IDENTITY attribute, using only the Actual Identity Length octets from the beginning, however. Note that the contents are used as they are transmitted, regardless of whether the transmitted identity was a permanent, pseudonym, or fast EAP re-authentication identity. The Server-Id is the null string (zero length).

When using fast re-authentication, the EAP-AKA Session-Id is the concatenation of the EAP Type Code (0x12) with the contents of the NONCE_S field from the AT_NONCE_S attribute, followed by the contents of the MAC field from the AT_MAC attribute from EAP-Request/AKA-Reauthentication:

Session-Id = 0x12 || NONCE_S || MAC

### 2.3. Rationale

[RFC5247] was supposed to define exported parameters for existing EAP methods in Appendix A. The way Session-Id was defined for EAP-AKA and EAP-SIM works only for the full authentication case, i.e., it cannot be used when the optional fast re-authentication case is used since the used parameters (RAND, AUTN, NONCE_MT) are not used in the fast
re-authentication case. Based on [RFC4187] Section 5.2, and similar text in [RFC4186], NONCE_S corresponds to RAND and MAC in EAP-Request/AKA-Reauthentication corresponds to AUTN. That would seem to imply that the Session-Id could be defined using NONCE_S and MAC instead of RAND and AUTN/NONCE_MT.

2.3.1. Session-Id for PEAP

[RFC5247] id not define Session-Id definition for Microsoft’s Protected EAP (PEAP). Similar to the definition in [RFC5216] Section 2.3, we define it as:

\[ \text{Session-Id} = 0x19 \mid\mid \text{client.random} \mid\mid \text{server.random} \]

This definition is already in wide-spread use in multiple PEAP implementations.

3. Security Considerations

This specification defines EAP Session-Ids for fast re-authentication with EAP-SIM and EAP-AKA. It therefore enables fast re-authentication for those protocols.

4. IANA Considerations

There are no actions for IANA. RFC EDITOR: This section may be removed before publication.

5. References

5.1. Normative References

[RFC2119]  

[RFC3748]  

[RFC5216]  
Simon, D., Aboba, B., and R. Hurst, "The EAP-TLS Authentication Protocol",

[RFC5247]  
Aboba, B., Simon, D., and P. Eronen, "Extensible Authentication
5.2. Informative References

[RFC4186]

[RFC4187]

[AKAP]

Acknowledgments

The issue corrected in this specification was first reported by Jouni Malinen in a technical errata at https://www.rfc-editor.org/errata_search.php?rfc=5247

The text in this document follows his suggestions.

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