Yang Data Model for BGP/MPLS L3 VPNs
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Abstract

This document defines a YANG data model that can be used to configure and manage BGP Layer 3 VPNs.

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1. Introduction

YANG [RFC6020] is a data definition language that was introduced to define the contents of a conceptual data store that allows networked devices to be managed using NETCONF [RFC6241]. YANG is proving relevant beyond its initial confines, as bindings to other interfaces (e.g. ReST) and encodings other than XML (e.g. JSON) are being defined. Furthermore, YANG data models can be used as the basis of implementation for other interfaces, such as CLI and programmatic APIs.

This document defines a YANG model that can be used to configure and manage BGP L3VPNs [RFC4364]. It contains VRF specific parameters as well as BGP specific parameters applicable for L3VPNs. The individual containers defined in this model contain control knobs for configuration for that purpose, as well as a few data nodes that can be used to monitor health and gather statistics.

1.1. Requirements Language

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in RFC 2119 [RFC2119].

2. Definitions and Acronyms

AF: Address Family
AS: Autonomous System
ASBR: Autonomous System Border Router
BGP: Border Gateway Protocol
CE: Customer Edge
PE: Provider Edge
L3VPN: Layer 3 VPN
NETCONF: Network Configuration Protocol
RD: Route Distinguisher
3. Design of BGP L3VPN Data Model

3.1. Overview

There are two parts of the BGP L3VPN yang data model. The first part of the model defines VRF specific parameters for L3VPN by augmenting the network-instance container defined in the network instance model [I-D.ietf-rtgwg-ni-model] and the second part of the model defines BGP specific parameters for the L3VPN by augmenting the base BGP data model defined in [I-D.ietf-idr-bgp-model].

3.2. VRF Specific Configuration

IETF network instance model defines a base identity for network instance type as L3-VRF. For L3VPN, the VRF specific parameters are defined by augmenting the network-instance container corresponding to L3-VRF instance. A new container l3vpn is added for VPN parameters.

3.2.1. VRF interface

To associate a VRF instance with an interface, the interface should be defined in the context of network instance representing a L3-VRF. This is covered in base network instance model [I-D.ietf-rtgwg-ni-model].

3.2.2. Route distinguisher

Route distinguisher (RD) is an unique identifier used in VPN routes to distinguish prefixes across different VPNs. RD is 8 byte field as defined in the [RFC4364]. Where the first two bytes refer to type followed by 6 bytes of value. The format of the value is dependent on type. In the yang model, RDs are defined l3vpn container under network-instance.
3.2.3. Import and export route targets

Route-target (RT) is an extended community used to specify the rules for importing and exporting the routes for each VRF as defined in [RFC4364]. This is applicable in the context of an address-family under the VRF. Under the l3vpn container, statements for import and export route-targets are added for ipv4 and ipv6 address family. Both import and export sets are modeled as a list of rout-targets. An import rule is modeled as list of RTs or a policy leafref specifying the list of RTs to be matched for importing routes into the VRF. Similarly an export rule is set or RTs or a policy leafref specifying the list of RTs which should be attached to routes exported from this VRF. In the case where policy is used to specify the RTs, a reference to the policy via leafref is used in this model, but actual definition of policy is outside the scope of this document. In addition, this section also defines parameters for the import from global routing table and export to global routing table, as well as route limit per VPN instance for ipv4 and ipv6 address family.

3.2.4. Forwarding mode

This configuration augments interface list under interface container under a network instance as defined in IETF network instance model [I-D.ietf-rtgwg-ni-model]. Forwarding mode configuration is required under the ASBR facing interface to enable mpls forwarding for directly connected BGP peers for inter-as option B peering.

3.2.5. Label security

For inter-as option-B peering across ASs, under the ASBR facing interface, mpls label security enables the checks for RPF label on incoming packets. Ietf-interface container is augmented to add this config.

3.2.6. Yang tree

module: ietf-bgp-l3vpn
augment /ni:network-instances/ni:network-instance:
  +--rw l3vpn
    |   +--rw route-distinguisher
    |     |   +--rw config
    |     |     +--rw rd? rt-types:route-distinguisher
    |     +--ro state
    |     +--ro rd? rt-types:route-distinguisher
    +--rw ipv4
```yang
  +--rw unicast
    +--rw route-targets
      +--rw config
        |  +--rw rt* [rt]
        |  |  +--rw rt     rt-types:route-target
        |  |  +--rw rt-type? enumeration
        |  +--rw route-policy? string
      +--ro state
        +--ro rt* [rt]
        |  +--ro rt     rt-types:route-target
        |  +--ro rt-type? enumeration
        +--ro route-policy? string
    +--rw import-from-global
      +--rw config
        |  +--rw enable? boolean
        |  +--rw advertise-as-vpn? boolean
        |  +--rw route-policy? string
        |  +--rw bgp-valid-route? boolean
        |  +--rw protocol? enumeration
        |  +--rw instance? string
      +--ro state
        +--ro enable? boolean
        +--ro advertise-as-vpn? boolean
        +--ro route-policy? string
        +--ro bgp-valid-route? boolean
        +--ro protocol? enumeration
        +--ro instance? string
    +--rw export-to-global
      +--rw config
        |  +--rw enable? boolean
      +--ro state
        +--ro enable? boolean
    +--rw routing-table-limit
      +--rw config
        |  +--rw routing-table-limit-number? uint32
        |  +--rw (routing-table-limit-action)?
        |     +--:
        |     |  +--rw alert-percent-value? uint8
        |     +--:
        |     |  +--rw simple-alert? boolean
      +--ro state
        +--ro routing-table-limit-number? uint32
        +--ro (routing-table-limit-action)?
        |     +--:
        |     |  +--ro alert-percent-value? uint8
        |     +--:
        |     |  +--ro simple-alert? boolean
    +--rw tunnel-params
```
augment /if:interfaces/if:interface:
  +--rw forwarding-mode
    |  +--rw config
    |  |  +--rw forwarding-mode?   fwd-mode-type
    |  +--ro state
    |     +--ro forwarding-mode?   fwd-mode-type
  +--rw mpls-label-security
    +--rw config
    |  +--rw rpf?   boolean
    +--ro state
    +--ro rpf?   boolean

3.3. BGP Specific Configuration

The BGP specific configuration for L3VPNs is defined by augmenting base BGP model [I-D.ietf-idr-bgp-model]. In particular, specific knobs are added under neighbor and address family containers to handle VPN routes and ASBR peering.

3.3.1. VPN peering

For Peering between PE routers, specific VPN address family needs to be enabled under BGP container in the default routing-instance. Base BGP draft [I-D.ietf-idr-bgp-model] has l3vpn address family in the list of identity refs for AFs under global and neighbor modes. The same is augmented here for additional knobs. For peering with CE routers the VRF specific BGP configurations such as neighbors and address-family are covered in base BGP config, except that such configuration will be in the context of a VRF. The instance of BGP in this case would be a separate instance in the context of routing instance realizing a VRF.

3.3.2. VPN prefix limits

Limits for max number of VPN prefixes for a PE router is defined in the context of VPN address family under BGP. This would be the total number of prefixes in VPN table per AF in the context of BGP protocol. Route table limit for ipv4 and ipv6 address family for each VPN instance is also defined under BGP. The total prefix limit
per VPN, including all the protocols is defined in the context of VRF address family under routing instance.

### 3.3.3. Label Mode

Label mode knobs control the label allocation behavior for VRF routes. Such as to specify Per-site, Per-vpn and Per-route label allocation. These knobs augment BGP global AF containers in the context of default routing instance.

### 3.3.4. ASBR options

This includes few specific knobs for ASBR peering methods illustrated in [RFC4364]. Such as route target retention on ASBRs and rewrite next hop to self, for inter-as VPN peering across ASBRs with option-B method. Similarly next hop unchanged on ASBRs for option-C peering. Appropriate containers under BGP AF and NBR modes are augmented for these parameters. As a note, when a knob is applicable for neighbor, it is also defined under corresponding peer-group container.

### 3.3.5. Yang tree

```yang
tModule: ietf-bgp-l3vpn
Augment /bgp:bgp/bgp:global/bgp:afi-safis /bgp:afi-safi/bgp:l3vpn-ipv4-unicast:
    +-rw retain-rts
        +-rw config
            |  +-rw all?  empty
            |  +-rw route-policy?  string
        +-ro state
            |  +-ro all?  empty
            |  +-ro route-policy?  string
    +-rw prefix-limit
        +-rw config
            |  +-rw prefix-limit-number?  uint32
            |  +-rw (prefix-limit-action)?
                |      |  +-:(enable-alert-percent)
                |      |  |  +-rw alert-percent-value?  uint8
                |      |  +-rw route-unchanged?  boolean
                |      |  +-:(enable-simple-alert)
                |      |      |  +-rw simple-alert?  boolean
            +-ro state
                +-ro prefix-limit-number?  uint32
                +-ro (prefix-limit-action)?
                    |  +-:(enable-alert-percent)
                    |  |  +-ro alert-percent-value?  uint8
                    |  +-ro route-unchanged?  boolean
```

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```yang
augment /bgp:bgp/bgp:afi-safis
    /bgp:afi-safi/bgp:ipv4-unicast:
        +--rw config
            |  +--rw label-mode? bgp-label-mode
        +--ro state
            +--ro label-mode? bgp-label-mode
        ++--rw routing-table-limit
            +--rw config
                |  +--rw routing-table-limit-number? uint32
                |  +--rw (routing-table-limit-action)?
                    |       +--:(enable-alert-percent)
                        |       |  +--rw alert-percent-value? uint8
                        |       |  +--:(enable-simple-alert)
                        |       |  +--rw simple-alert? boolean
                +--ro state
                    +--ro routing-table-limit-number? uint32
                    +--ro (routing-table-limit-action)?
                        +--:(enable-alert-percent)
                            |  +--ro alert-percent-value? uint8
                            +--:(enable-simple-alert)
                                +--ro simple-alert? boolean
            ...
```

```yang
augment /bgp:bgp/bgp:neighbors/bgp:neighbor:
    +--rw nexthop-options
        +--rw config
            |  +--rw next-hop-self? boolean
            |  +--rw next-hop-unchanged? boolean
        +--rw state
            +--rw next-hop-self? boolean
            +--rw next-hop-unchanged? boolean
```

```yang
augment /bgp:bgp/bgp:peer-groups/bgp:peer-group:
    +--rw nexthop-options
        +--rw config
            |  +--rw next-hop-self? boolean
            |  +--rw next-hop-unchanged? boolean
        +--rw state
            +--rw next-hop-self? boolean
            +--rw next-hop-unchanged? boolean
```

```yang
augment /bgp:bgp/bgp:neighbors/bgp:neighbor
    /bgp:afi-safis/bgp:afi-safi:
        +--rw nexthop-options
            +--rw config
```

augment /bgp:bgp/bgp:peer-groups/bgp:peer-group
 bgp:afi-safis/bgp:afi-safi:
   ---rw next-hop-options
   ---rw config
      ---rw next-hop-self?   boolean
      ---rw next-hop-unchanged?   boolean
   ---rw state
      ---rw next-hop-self?   boolean
      ---rw next-hop-unchanged?   boolean

4. BGP Yang Module

<CODE BEGINS> file "ietf-bgp-l3vpn@2017-04-25.yang"

module ietf-bgp-l3vpn {
   // replace with IANA namespace when assigned
   prefix l3vpn ;

   import ietf-network-instance {
      prefix ni;
      //revision-date 2016-06-23;
   }

   import ietf-routing-types {
      prefix rt-types;
      //revision-date 2017-02-27;
   }

   import ietf-interfaces {
      prefix if;
   }

   import ietf-bgp {
      prefix bgp;
      //revision-date 2016-06-21;
   }

   organization
This YANG module defines a YANG data model to configure and manage BGP Layer3 VPNs. It augments the IETF bgp yang model and IETF network instance model to add L3VPN specific configuration and operational knobs.

Terms and Acronyms

AF : Address Family
AS : Autonomous System
ASBR : Autonomous Systems Border Router
BGP (bgp) : Border Gateway Protocol
CE : Customer Edge
IP (ip) : Internet Protocol
IPv4 (ipv4): Internet Protocol Version 4
IPv6 (ipv6): Internet Protocol Version 6
L3VPN: Layer 3 VPN
PE : Provider Edge
RT : Route Target
RD : Route Distinguisher
VPN : Virtual Private Network
VRF : Virtual Routing and Forwarding


revision 2017-04-25 {

description
  "Reused ietf-roting-types.yang for vpn route-targets" +


" and route distinguisher types"
reference ""
}

revision 2016-09-09 {
  description
   "Initial revision.";
  reference
   "RFC XXXX: A YANG Data Model for BGP L3VPN config management";
}

//RD
grouping route-distinguisher-params {
  description "BGP route distinguisher";
  container route-distinguisher {
    description "Route distinguisher value as per RFC4364";
    container config {
      description
        "Configuration parameters for route distinguisher";
      leaf rd {
        type rt-types:route-distinguisher;
        description "Route distinguisher value as per RFC4364";
      }
    }
    container state {
      config "false" ;
      description
        "State information for route distinguisher";
      leaf rd {
        type rt-types:route-distinguisher;
        description "Route distinguisher value";
      }
    }
  }
}

//Label mode
typedef bgp-label-mode {
  type enumeration {
    enum per-ce {
      description "Allocate labels per CE";
    }
    enum per-route {
      description "Allocate labels per prefix";
    }
    enum per-vpn {
      description "Allocate labels per VRF";
    }
  }
}
typedef fwd-mode-type {
    type enumeration {
        enum mpls {
            description "Forwarding mode mpls";
        }
    }
    description "Enable forwarding mode under ASBR facing interface";
}

grouping forwarding-mode {
    description "Forwarding mode of interface for ASBR scenario";
    container forwarding-mode {
        description "Forwarding mode of interface for ASBR scenario";
        container config {
            description "Configuration of Forwarding mode";
            leaf forwarding-mode {
                type fwd-mode-type;
                description "Forwarding mode for this interface";
            }
        }
        container state {
            config "false";
            description "State information of Forwarding mode";
            leaf forwarding-mode {
                type fwd-mode-type;
                description "Forwarding mode for this interface";
            }
        }
    }
}

grouping label-security {
    description "Mpls label security for ASBR option B scenario";
    container mpls-label-security {
        description "MPLS label security";
        container config {
            description "Configuration parameters";
            leaf rpf {
                type boolean;
                description "Enable MPLS label security rpf on interface";
            }
        }
    }
}
container state {
    config "false";
    description "State information";
    leaf rpf {
        type boolean;
        description "MPLS label security rpf on interface";
    }
}

// per VPN instance table limit under BGP

grouping prefix-limit {
    description "The prefix limit command sets a limit on the maximum number of prefixes supported in the existing VPN instance, preventing the PE from importing excessive VPN route prefixes."

    leaf prefix-limit-number {
        type uint32 {
            range "1..4294967295";
        }
        description "Specifies the maximum number of prefixes supported in the VPN instance IPv4 or IPv6 address family.";
    }

    choice prefix-limit-action {
        description ".";
        case enable-alert-percent {
            leaf alert-percent-value {
                type uint8 {
                    range "1..100";
                }
                description "Specifies the proportion of the alarm threshold to the maximum number of prefixes.";
            }
            leaf route-unchanged {
                type boolean;
                default "false";
                description "Indicates that the routing table remains unchanged. By default, route-unchanged is not configured. When the number of prefixes in the routing table is
greater than the value of the parameter number, routes are processed as follows:
(1) If route-unchanged is configured, routes in the routing table remain unchanged.
(2) If route-unchanged is not configured, all routes in the routing table are deleted and then re-added.

`case enable-simple-alert {
  leaf simple-alert {
    type boolean;
    default "false";
    description
    "Indicates that when the number of VPN route prefixes exceeds number, prefixes can still join the VPN routing table and alarms are displayed.";
  }
}
`
leaf rt-type {
  type enumeration {
    enum import {
      description "Route target is for import routes";
    }
    enum export {
      description "Route target is for export routes";
    }
    enum both {
      description "Route target is for both import and export routes";
    }
    description "Route target type";
  }
}
leaf route-policy {
  type string;
  description "Reference to the policy containing set of routes. TBD: leafref to policy entry in IETF policy model";
}

grouping import-from-gbl {
  description "Import from global routing table";
  leaf enable {
    type boolean;
    description "Enable";
  }
  leaf advertise-as-vpn {
    type boolean;
    description "Advertise routes imported from global table as VPN routes";
  }
  leaf route-policy {
    type string;
    description "Route policy as filter for importing routes";
  }
  leaf bgp-valid-route {
    type boolean;
    description "Enable all valid routes (including non-best paths) to be candidate for import";
  }
}
leaf protocol {
    type enumeration {
        enum ALL {
            value "0";
            description "ALL:";
        }
        enum Direct {
            value "1";
            description "Direct:";
        }
        enum OSPF {
            value "2";
            description "OSPF:";
        }
        enum ISIS {
            value "3";
            description "ISIS:";
        }
        enum Static {
            value "4";
            description "Static:";
        }
        enum RIP {
            value "5";
            description "RIP:";
        }
        enum BGP {
            value "6";
            description "BGP:";
        }
        enum OSPFV3 {
            value "7";
            description "OSPFV3:";
        }
        enum RIPNG {
            value "8";
            description "RIPNG:";
        }
    }
    description
        "Specifies the protocol from which routes are imported. At present, in the IPv4 unicast address family view, the protocol can be IS-IS, static, direct and BGP."
}
leaf instance {
    type string;
    description
grouping global-imports {
  description "Grouping for imports from global routing table";
  container import-from-global {
    description "Import from global routing table";
    container config {
      description "Configuration";
      uses import-from-gbl;
    }
    container state {
      config "false";
      description "State";
      uses import-from-gbl;
    }
  }
}

grouping export-to-gbl {
  description "Export routes to default VRF";
  leaf enable {
    type boolean;
    description "Enable";
  }
}

grouping global-exports {
  description "Grouping for exports routes to global table";
  container export-to-global {
    description "Export to global routing table";
    container config {
      description "Configuration";
      uses export-to-gbl;
    }
    container state {
      config "false";
      description "State";
      uses export-to-gbl;
    }
  }
}

grouping route-target-params {
  description "Grouping to specify rules for route import and export";
  container route-targets {
    description
"Set of route-targets to match for import and export routes to/from VRF";
container config {
    description
        "Configuration of route targets";
    uses route-target-set;
}
container state {
    config "false";
    description
        "State information for route targets";
    uses route-target-set;
}
}

grouping route-tbl-limit-params {
    description "Grouping for VPN table prefix limit config";
    leaf routing-table-limit-number {
        type uint32 {
            range "1..4294967295";
        }
        description
            "Specifies the maximum number of routes supported by a
            VPN instance.";
    }
    choice routing-table-limit-action {
        description ".";
        case enable-alert-percent {
            leaf alert-percent-value {
                type uint8 {
                    range "1..100";
                }
                description
                    "Specifies the percentage of the maximum number of
                    routes. When the maximum number of routes that join
                    the VPN instance is up to the value
                    (number*alert-percent)/100, the system prompts
                    alarms. The VPN routes can be still added to the
                    routing table, but after the number of routes
                    reaches number, the subsequent routes are
                    dropped.";
            }
        }
        case enable-simple-alert {
            leaf simple-alert {
                type boolean;
            }
        }
    }
}
description
  "Indicates that when VPN routes exceed number, routes can still be added into the routing table, but the system prompts alarms. However, after the total number of VPN routes and network public routes reaches the unicast route limit specified in the License, the subsequent VPN routes are dropped."

// Tunnel policy parameters
// Tunnel policy parameters
  // Tunnel policy parameters
  grouping tunnel-params {
    description "Tunnel parameters"
    container tunnel-params {
      description "Tunnel config parameters"
      container config {
        description "configuration parameters"
        leaf tunnel-policy {
          type string;
          description "Tunnel policy to steer the VPN traffic into specific tunnel";
        }
      }
    }
  }

container state {
    config "false";
    description "state parameters";
    leaf tunnel-policy {
        type string;
        description "Tunnel policy to steer the VPN traffic into specific tunnel";
    }
}

// Grouping for the L3vpn specific parameters under VRF
// (network-instance)
grouping l3vpn-vrf-params {
    description "Specify route filtering rules for import/export";
    container ipv4 {
        description "Specify route filtering rules for import/export";
        container unicast {
            description "Specify route filtering rules for import/export";
            uses route-target-params;
            uses global-imports;
            uses global-exports;
            uses routing-tbl-limit;
            uses tunnel-params;
        }
    }
    container ipv6 {
        description "Ipv6 address family specific rules for import/export";
        container unicast {
            description "Ipv6 unicast address family";
            uses route-target-params;
            uses global-imports;
            uses global-exports;
            uses routing-tbl-limit;
            uses tunnel-params;
        }
    }
}

grouping bgp-label-mode {
    description "MPLS/VPN label allocation mode";
    container config {

description
  "Configuration parameters for label allocation mode";
leaf label-mode {
  type bgp-label-mode;
  description "Label allocation mode";
}
}

container state {
  config "false";
  description "State information for label allocation mode";
  leaf label-mode {
    type bgp-label-mode;
    description "Label allocation mode";
  }
}


grouping retain-route-targets {
  description "Grouping for route target accept";
  container retain-route-targets {
    description "Control route target acceptance behavior for ASBRs";
    container config {
      description "Configuration parameters for retaining route targets";
      leaf all {
        type empty;
        description "Disable filtering of all route-targets";
      }
      leaf route-policy {
        type string;
        description "Filter routes as per filter policy name
TBD: leafref to IETF routing policy model";
      }
    }
    container state {
      config "false";
      description "State information for retaining route targets";
      leaf all {
        type empty;
        description "Disable filtering of all route-targets";
      }
      leaf route-policy {
        type string;
        description "Filter routes as per filter policy name";
      }
    }
  }
}
grouping nexthop-opts {
    description "Next hop control options for inter-as route exchange";
    leaf next-hop-self {
        type boolean;
        description
            "Set nexthop of the route to self when advertising routes";
    }
    leaf next-hop-unchanged {
        type boolean;
        description "Enforce no nexthop change when advertising routes";
    }
}

grouping asbr-nexthop-options {
    description "Nexthop parameters for inter-as VPN options ";
    container nexthop-options {
        description "Nexthop related options for inter-as options";
        container config {
            description "Configuration parameters for nexthop options";
            uses nexthop-opts;
        }
        container state {
            config "false";
            description "State information for nexthop options";
            uses nexthop-opts;
        }
    }
}

// VRF specific parameters.
// RD and RTs and route import-export rules are added under
// network instance container in network instance model, hence
// per VRF scoped
augment "/ni:network-instances/ni:network-instance" {
    description
        "Augment network instance for per VRF L3vpn parameters";
    container l3vpn {
        //Enable this check once network instance model has
        //identify defined for VRF type
        //when ".//type='rt:vrf-network-instance'" {
        // description
        // "This container is only valid for vrf routing instance.";
        //}
        description "Configuration of L3VPN specific parameters";
        uses route-distinguisher-params;
        uses l3vpn-vrf-params ;
}
// bgp mpls forwarding enable required for inter-as option AB.
augment "/if:interfaces/if:interface" {  
description  
"BGP mpls forwarding mode configuration on interface for ASBR scenario";
uses forwarding-mode;
uses label-security;
}

// BGP Specific Paramters
//
// Retain route-target for inter-as option ASBR knob.
// vpn prefix limits
// vpnv4/vpnv6 address-family only.
augment "/bgp:bgp/bgp:global/bgp:afi-safis/" +
  "bgp:afi-safi/bgp:13vpn-ipv4-unicast" {  
description "Retain route targets for ASBR scenario";
uses retain-route-targets;
uses vpn-pfx-limit;
}
augment "/bgp:bgp/bgp:global/bgp:afi-safis/" +
  "bgp:afi-safi/bgp:13vpn-ipv6-unicast" {  
description "Retain route targets for ASBR scenario";
uses retain-route-targets;
uses vpn-pfx-limit;
}

// Label allocation mode configuration. Certain AFs only.
augment "/bgp:bgp/bgp:global/bgp:afi-safis/" +
  "bgp:afi-safi/bgp:ipv4-unicast" {  
description "Augment BGP global AF mode for label allocation mode configuration";
uses bgp-label-mode;
uses routing-tbl-limit;
}
augment "/bgp:bgp/bgp:global/bgp:afi-safis/" +
  "bgp:afi-safi/bgp:ipv6-unicast" {  
description "Augment BGP global AF mode for label allocation mode configuration";
uses bgp-label-mode;
uses routing-tbl-limit;
}
configuration",
uses bgp-label-mode;
uses routing-tbl-limit;
}

// Nexthop options for the inter-as ASBR peering.
augment "/bgp:bgp/neighbors/bgp:neighbor" {
  description
  "Augment BGP NBR mode with nexthop options for inter-as ASBRs";
  uses asbr-nexthop-options;
}
augment "/bgp:bgp/peer-groups/bgp:peer-group" {
  description
  "Augment BGP peer-group mode with nexthop options for inter-as ASBRs";
  uses asbr-nexthop-options;
}
augment "/bgp:bgp/neighbors/bgp:neighbor/" +
  "bgp:afi-safis/bgp:afi-safi" {
  description
  "Augment BGP NBR AF mode with nexthop options for inter-as ASBRs";
  uses asbr-nexthop-options;
}
augment "/bgp:bgp/peer-groups/bgp:peer-group/" +
  "bgp:afi-safis/bgp:afi-safi" {
  description
  "Augment BGP peer-group AF mode with nexthop options for inter-as ASBRs";
  uses asbr-nexthop-options;
}
}

<CODE ENDS>

5. IANA Considerations

6. Security Considerations

The transport protocol used for sending the BGP L3VPN data MUST support authentication and SHOULD support encryption. The data-model by itself does not create any security implications.
This draft does not change any underlying security issues inherent in [I-D.ietf-rtgwg-ni-model] and [I-D.ietf-idr-bgp-model].

7. Acknowledgements

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8. References

8.1. Normative References

[I-D.ietf-idr-bgp-model]

[I-D.ietf-rtgwg-ni-model]

[I-D.ietf-rtgwg-routing-types]


8.2. Informative References


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