A YANG Data Model for Routing Information Protocol (RIP)
draft-ietf-rtgwg-yang-rip-07

Abstract

This document describes a data model for the Routing Information Protocol (RIP). Both RIP version 2 and RIPng are covered.

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1. Introduction

This document introduces a YANG [RFC7950] data model for the Routing Information Protocol (RIP) [RFC2453][RFC2080]. RIP was designed to work as an Interior Gateway Protocol (IGP) in moderate-size Autonomous Systems (AS).

This YANG model supports both RIP version 2 and RIPng. RIP version 2 (defined in [RFC2453]) supports IPv4. RIPng (defined in [RFC2080]) supports IPv6.

1.1. Terminology

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [RFC2119].

The following terms are defined in [RFC7950] and are not redefined here:

- augment

- data model
1.2. Tree Diagrams

A simplified graphical representation of the data model is used in this document. The meaning of the symbols in these diagrams is as follows:

- Brackets "[" and "]" enclose list keys.
- Curly braces "{" and "}" contain names of optional features that make the corresponding node conditional.
- Abbreviations before data node names: "rw" means configuration (read-write), and "ro" means state data (read-only).
- Symbols after data node names: "?" means an optional node, "!" means a presence container, and "*" denotes a list and leaf-list.
- Parentheses enclose choice and case nodes, and case nodes are also marked with a colon (":")
- Ellipsis ("...") stands for contents of subtrees that are not shown.

1.3. Prefixes in Data Node Names

In this document, names of data nodes, actions, and other data model objects are often used without a prefix, as long as it is clear from the context in which YANG module each name is defined. Otherwise, names are prefixed using the standard prefix associated with the corresponding YANG module, as shown in Table 1.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Prefix</th>
<th>YANG module</th>
<th>Reference</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>yang</td>
<td>ietf-yang-types</td>
<td>[RFC6991]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>inet</td>
<td>ietf-inet-types</td>
<td>[RFC6991]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>if</td>
<td>ietf-interfaces</td>
<td>[I-D.bjorklund-netmod-rfc7223bis]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ip</td>
<td>ietf-ip</td>
<td>[I-D.bjorklund-netmod-rfc7277bis]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>rt</td>
<td>ietf-routing</td>
<td>[I-D.acee-netmod-rfc8022bis]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>bfd-types</td>
<td>ietf-bfd-types</td>
<td>[I-D.ietf-bfd-yang]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>isis</td>
<td>ietf-isis</td>
<td>[I-D.ietf-isis-yang-isis-cfg]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>key-chain</td>
<td>ietf-key-chain</td>
<td>[RFC8177]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ospf</td>
<td>ietf-ospf</td>
<td>[I-D.ietf-ospf-yang]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 1: Prefixes and Corresponding YANG Modules
2. Design of the Data Model

2.1. Scope of the Model

The model covers RIP version 2 [RFC2453] and RIPng [RFC2080] protocols. The model is designed to be implemented on a device where RIP version 2 or RIPng is implemented, and can be used to:

- Configure the RIP version 2 or RIPng protocol.
- Manage the protocol operational behaviors.
- Retrieve the protocol operational status.

The capabilities described in [RFC1724] are covered.

2.2. Relation with Core Routing Framework

This model augments the core routing data model "ietf-routing" specified in [I-D.acee-netmod/rfc8022bis].

```
++-rw routing
  ++-rw router-id?
  +++-rw control-plane-protocols
     |  +++-rw control-plane-protocol* [type name]
     |     |  +++-rw type
     |     ++-rw name
     |     +++-rw rip  <= Augmented by this Model

...```

The "rip" container instantiates a RIP protocol entity that supports RIP version 2 or RIPng. Depending on the implementation of "ietf-routing", a RIP instance MAY belong to a logical router or network instance.

2.3. Protocol Configuration

The model structure for the protocol configuration is as shown below:
The model allows to configure the following protocol entities:

- Protocol instance (RIP version 2 or RIPng)
- Interface
- Neighbor

2.4. Protocol States

The model structure for the protocol states is as shown below:
This model conforms to the Network Management Datastore Architecture (NMDA) [I-D.ietf-netmod-revised-datastores]. The operational state data is combined with the associated configuration data in the same hierarchy [I-D.ietf-netmod-rfc6087bis]. When protocol states are retrieved from the NMDA operational state datastore, the returned states cover all "config true" (rw) and "config false" (ro) nodes defined in the schema.

The model allows to retrieve protocol states at the following levels:

- Protocol instance (RIP version 2 or RIPng)
- Interface
- Neighbor
- Route
2.5. RPC Operations

This model defines one RPC "clear-rip-route" that can be used to clear RIP routes from the routing table.

2.6. Notifications

This model does not define RIP specific notifications. To enable notifications, the mechanism defined in [I-D.ietf-netconf-yang-push] and [I-D.ietf-netconf-rfc5277bis] can be used. This mechanism currently allows the user to:

- Subscribe notifications on a per client basis.
- Specify subtree filters or xpath filters so that only interested contents will be sent.
- Specify either periodic or on-demand notifications.

2.7. Optional Features

This model defines several features are beyond the basic RIP configuration and it is the responsibility of each vendor to decide whether to support a given feature on a device.

3. Tree Structure

This document defines the YANG module "ietf-rip", which has the following tree structure:

```
module: ietf-rip
  augment /rt:routing/rt:control-plane-protocols
/rt:control-plane-protocol:
  +--rw rip
    |  +--rw originate-default-route
    |  |  +--rw enabled? boolean
    |  +--rw route-policy? route-policy-ref
    |  +--rw default-metric? uint8
    |  +--rw distance? uint8
    |  +--rw triggered-update-threshold? uint8
    |  +--rw maximum-paths? uint8
    |  +--rw output-delay? uint8
    |  +--rw distribute-list* [prefix-set-name direction]
    |  |  +--rw prefix-set-name prefix-set-ref
    |  |  +--rw direction enumeration
    |  |  +--rw if-name? if:interface-ref
    |  +--rw redistribute
    |  +--rw bgp* [asn]
```
| +--rw invalid-interval?  uint16
| +--rw holddown-interval? uint16
| +--rw flush-interval?   uint16
| +--rw interfaces
|   +--rw interface* [interface]
|     |   +--rw interface                  if:interface-ref
|     |     |   +--rw authentication
|     |     |     |   +--:(auth-type-selection)?
|     |     |     |     |   |   +--:(auth-key-chain)
|     |     |     |     |     |   |   |   +--rw key-chain?
|     |     |   key-chain?key-chain-ref
|     |     |     |   |   |   +--:(auth-key)
|     |     |     |     |   |   |   |   +--rw key?                string
|     |     |     |     |     |   |   |   |   +--rw crypto-algorithm?   identityref
|     +--rw bfd {bfd}?      boolean
|     +--rw enable?                     boolean
|     +--rw local-multiplier?   multiplier
|     +--rw (interval-config-type)?
|     |   +--:(tx-rx-intervals)
|     |   |   +--rw desired-min-tx-interval     uint32
|     |   +--rw required-min-rx-interval    uint32
|     |   +--:(single-interval)
|     |   |   +--rw min-interval                uint32
|     +--rw cost?                      uint8
|     |   |   +--rw no-listen?                 empty
|     +--rw originate-default-route
|     |   +--rw enabled?        boolean
|     |   +--rw route-policy?   route-policy-ref
|     +--rw passive?                   empty
|     +--rw split-horizon?             enumeration
|     +--rw summary-address
|     |   +--rw address?   inet:ip-address
|     |   +--rw metric?    uint8
|     +--rw timers
|     |   +--rw update-interval?     uint16
|     |   +--rw invalid-interval?    uint16
|     |   +--rw holddown-interval?   uint16
|     |   +--rw flush-interval?      uint16
|     +--ro oper-status?               enumeration
|     +--ro next-full-update?          uint32
|     +--ro valid-address?             boolean
|     +--ro statistics {interface-statistics}?
|     |   +--ro discontinuity-time?   yang:date-and-time
|     |   +--ro bad-packets-rcvd?      yang:counter32
|     |   +--ro bad-routes-rcvd?      yang:counter32
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+--ro updates-sent? yang:counter32
++--ro next-triggered-update? uint32
++--ro num-of-routes? uint32
++--ro ipv4
   +--ro neighbors
   |   +--ro neighbor* [ipv4-address]
   |       +--ro ipv4-address inet:ipv4-address
   |       +--ro last-update? yang:date-and-time
   |       +--ro bad-packets-rcvd? yang:counter32
   |       +--ro bad-routes-rcvd? yang:counter32
   +--ro routes
       +--ro route* [ipv4-prefix]
           +--ro ipv4-prefix
inet:ipv4-prefix
       |   +--ro next-hop?
inet:ipv4-address
       |   +--ro interface?
if:interface-ref
   |   +--ro redistributed? boolean
   |   +--ro route-type? enumeration
   |   +--ro metric? uint8
   |   +--ro expire-time? uint16
   |   +--ro deleted? boolean
   |   +--ro holddown? boolean
   |   +--ro need-triggered-update? boolean
   |   +--ro inactive? boolean
   |   +--ro flush-expire-before-holddown? boolean
++--ro ipv6
   +--ro neighbors
   |   +--ro neighbor* [ipv6-address]
   |       +--ro ipv6-address inet:ipv6-address
   |       +--ro last-update? yang:date-and-time
   |       +--ro bad-packets-rcvd? yang:counter32
   |       +--ro bad-routes-rcvd? yang:counter32
   +--ro routes
       +--ro route* [ipv6-prefix]
           +--ro ipv6-prefix
inet:ipv6-prefix
       |   +--ro next-hop?
inet:ipv6-address
       |   +--ro interface?
if:interface-ref
   |   +--ro redistributed? boolean
   |   +--ro route-type? enumeration
   |   +--ro metric? uint8
   |   +--ro expire-time? uint16
   |   +--ro deleted? boolean
   |   +--ro holddown? boolean
4. YANG Module

<CODE BEGINS> file "ietf-rip@2017-12-05.yang"
module ietf-rip {
    yang-version 1.1;
    namespace "urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-rip";

    prefix rip;

    import ietf-inet-types {
        prefix "inet";
    }

    import ietf-yang-types {
        prefix "yang";
    }

    import ietf-interfaces {
        prefix "if";
    }

    import ietf-ip {
        prefix "ip";
    }

    import ietf-routing {
        prefix "rt";
    }

    import ietf-key-chain {

    }

    rpcs:
        +--x clear-rip-route
            +---w input
            +---w rip-instance? -> /rt:routing
                /control-plane-protocols/control-plane-protocol/name

prefix "key-chain";
}

import ietf-bfd-types {
    prefix "bfd-types";
}

import ietf-ospf {
    prefix "ospf";
}

import ietf-isis {
    prefix "isis";
}

organization "IETF Routing Area Working Group (rgtwg)";

contact
   "WG Web: <http://tools.ietf.org/wg/rgtwg/>
   WG List: <mailto:rgtwg@ietf.org>

   WG Chair: Jeff Tantsura
             <mailto:jefftant.ietf@gmail.com>

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   Editor: Prateek Sarda
           <mailto:prateek.sarda@ericsson.com>

   Editor: Vikram Choudhary
           <mailto:vikschw@gmail.com>"

description
   "This YANG module defines a model for managing Routing
   Information Protocol (RIP), including RIP version 2 and RIPng.

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   Relating to IETF Documents"
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(revision 2017-12-05 {
  description  "Initial revision.";
RFC 1724: RIP Version 2 MIB Extension.";
})

/* Features */

* Features
*/

feature bfd {
  description  "This feature indicates that the RIP implementation on the
                system supports BFD (Bidirectional Forwarding Detection).";
}

feature explicit-neighbors {
  description  "This feature indicates that the system supports explicit
                neighbor configuration on a RIP interface.";
}

feature global-statistics {
  description  "This feature indicates that the system supports collecting
                global statistic data related to RIP.";
}

feature interface-statistics {
  description  "This feature indicates that the system supports collecting
                per-interface statistic data related to RIP.";
}

/*
* Typedefs
*/

typedef prefix-set-ref {
  type string;
  description  "A type for a reference to a prefix set.
                The string value is the name identifier for uniquely
                identifying the referenced prefix set, which contains a list
of prefixes that a routing policy can applied. The definition of such a prefix set is outside the scope of this document.

}  

typedef route-policy-ref {
  type string;
  description
    "A type for a reference to a route policy. The string value is the name identifier for uniquely identifying the referenced routing policy, which contains one or more policy rules that can be used for a routing decision. The definition of such a routing policy is outside the scope of this document.";
}

/*
 * Identities
 */

identity rip {
  base rt:routing-protocol;
  description "Identity for the RIP routing protocol.";
}

identity ripv2 {
  base rip:rip;
  description "Identity for RIPv2 (RIP version 2).";
}

identity ripng {
  base rip:rip;
  description "Identity for RIPng.";
}

/*
 * Groupings
 */

grouping originate-default-route-container {
  description
    "Containing settings whether to originate the default route in RIP routing instance.";
  container originate-default-route {
    description
      "Injects the default route into the RIP (RIPv2 or RIPng) routing instance.";
    leaf enabled {
      type boolean;
    }
  }
}
leaf route-policy {
  type route-policy-ref;
  description
    "The conditions of the route policy are applied to the
    default route.";
}
}

grouping redistribute-container {
  description
    "Container of redistribute attributes.";
}

container redistribute {
  description
    "Redistributes routes learned from other routing protocols
    into the RIP routing instance.";
  list bgp {
    key "asn";
    description
      "Redistributes routes from the specified BGP (Border
      Gateway Protocol) autonomous system (AS) into the RIP
      routing instance.";
    leaf asn {
      type inet:as-number;
      description
        "BGP autonomous system (AS) number.";
    }
    uses redistribute-route-policy-attributes;
  }
  container cg-nat {
    presence
      "Present if Carrier Grade Network Address Translation
      (CGNAT) routes are redistributed.";
    description
      "Carrier Grade Network Address Translation (CGNAT)
      routes.";
    uses redistribute-route-policy-attributes;
  }
  container connected {
    presence
      "Present if directly attached network routes are
      redistributed.";
    description
"Redistributes directly attached networks into the RIP routing instance."
uses redistribute-route-policy-attributes;
}
container ipsec {
presence
"Present if IP security routing instance routes are redistributed."
description
"Redistributes routes from the IP security routing instance into the RIP routing instance."
uses redistribute-route-policy-attributes;
}
list isis {
key "instance";
description
"Redistributes IS-IS routes."
leaf instance {
type leafref {
  path "../../../../../rt:control-plane-protocol/rt:name";
}
must "derived-from-or-self(" + ")•/.../.../.../rt:control-plane-protocol" + "[rt:name = current()]/rt:type, 'isis:isis')" {
description
"The type of the routing protocol must be 'isis'."
}
description
"Redistributes routes from the specified IS-IS routing instance into the RIP routing instance."
}
leaf level {
type enumeration {
  enum 1 {
    description "IS-IS level 1 routes."
  }
  enum 2 {
    description "IS-IS level 2 routes."
  }
  enum 1-2 {
    description "IS-IS level 1-2 routes."
  }
}
description
"IS-IS level."
}
uses redistribute-route-policy-attributes;
container nat {
    presence
        "Present if Network Address Translation (NAT) routes
        are redistributed.";
    description
        "Redistributes Network Address Translation (NAT)
        routes into the RIP routing instance.";
    uses redistribute-route-policy-attributes;
}
list ospfv2 {
    when "derived-from-or-self(../../rt:type, 'rip:ripv2')" {
        description
            "Applicable to RIPv2.";
    }
    key "instance";
    description
        "Redistributes routes from the specified OSPFv2 routing
        instance into the RIPv2 routing instance.";
    leaf instance {
        type leafref {
            path "../../rt:control-plane-protocol/rt:name";
        }
        must "derived-from-or-self("
            + "../../rt:control-plane-protocol"
            + "/[rt:name = current()]/rt:type, 'ospf:ospfv2')" {
            description
                "The type of the routing protocol must be 'ospfv2'";
        }
        description
            "OSPFv2 instance ID. Redistributes routes from the
            specified OSPFv2 routing instance into the RIPv2 routing
            instance. ";
    }
    leaf route-type {
        type ospf:route-type;
        description
            "Redistributes only those OSPFv2 routes matching the
            specified route type into the RIPv2 routing instance.";
    }
    uses redistribute-route-policy-attributes;
}
list ospfv3 {
    when "derived-from-or-self(../../rt:type, 'rip:ripng')" {
        description
            "Applicable to RIPng.";
    }
    key "instance";
    description
"Redistributes routes from the specified OSPFv3 routing instance into the RIPng routing instance."

leaf instance {
  type leafref {
    path "../../../rt:control-plane-protocol/rt:name";
  }
  must "derived-from-or-self(
    + "../../../rt:control-plane-protocol"
    + "[rt:name = current()]/rt:type, 'ospf:ospfv3')" {
    description
      "The type of the routing protocol must be 'ospfv3';"
  }
  description
    "OSPFv3 instance ID. Redistributes routes from the specified OSPFv3 routing instance into the RIPng routing instance."
}

leaf route-type {
  type ospf:route-type;
  description
    "Redistributes only those OSPFv3 routes matching the specified route type into the RIPng routing instance."
}

uses redistribute-route-policy-attributes;

list ripv2 {
  when "derived-from-or-self(../../../rt:type, 'rip:ripv2')" {
    description
      "Applicable to RIPv2."
  }
  key "instance";
  description
    "Redistributes routes from another RIPv2 routing instance into the current RIPv2 routing instance."
}

leaf instance {
  type leafref {
    path "../../../rt:control-plane-protocol/rt:name";
  }
  must "derived-from-or-self(
    + "../../../rt:control-plane-protocol"
    + "[rt:name = current()]/rt:type, 'rip:ripv2')" {
    description
      "The type of the routing protocol must be 'ripv2';"
  }
  description
    "Redistributes routes from the specified RIPv2 routing instance into the RIPv2 routing instance."
}
uses redistribute-route-policy-attributes;
}
list ripng {
  when "derived-from-or-self(../../../rt:type, 'rip:ripng')" {
    description
    "Applicable to RIPng."
  }
  key "instance";
  description
  "Redistributes routes from another RIPng routing instance into the current RIPng routing instance."
  leaf instance {
    type leafref {
      path "../../../rt:control-plane-protocol/rt:name";
    }
    must "derived-from-or-self(" + "../../../rt:control-plane-protocol" + "[rt:name = current()]/rt:type, 'rip:ripng')" {
      description
      "The type of the routing protocol must be 'ripng'"
    }
    description
    "Redistributes routes from the specified RIPng routing instance into the RIPng routing instance."
  }
  uses redistribute-route-policy-attributes;
}
container static {
  presence "Present if redistributing static routes."
  description
  "Redistributes static routes into the RIP routing instance."
  uses redistribute-route-policy-attributes;
}
} // redistribute
} // redistribute-container

grouping redistribute-route-policy-attributes {
  description
  "Attributes for redistributing a route policy."
  leaf metric {
    type uint8 {
      range 0..16;
    }
    description
    "Metric used for the redistributed route. If a metric is not specified, the metric configured with the default-metric attribute in RIP router configuration is
used. If the default-metric attribute has not been configured, the default metric for redistributed routes is 0.

leaf route-policy {
  type route-policy-ref;
  description "Applies the conditions of the specified route policy to routes that are redistributed into the RIP routing instance.";
}

} // redistribute-route-policy-attributes

grouping timers-container {
  description "Container for settings of basic timers";
  container timers {
    must "invalid-interval >= (update-interval * 3)" {
      description "invalid-interval must be at least three times the value for the update-interval argument.";
    }
    must "flush-interval > invalid-interval" {
      description "flush-interval must be larger than the value for the invalid-interval argument";
    }
  }
  description "Timers for the specified RIPv2 or RIPng instance or interface.";
  leaf update-interval {
    type uint16 {
      range 1..32767;
    }
    units seconds;
    default 30;
    description "Interval at which RIPv2 or RIPng updates are sent.";
  }
  leaf invalid-interval {
    type uint16 {
      range 1..32767;
    }
    units seconds;
    default 180;
    description "Interval before a route is declared invalid after no updates are received. This value is at least three times
leaf holddown-interval {
    type uint16 {
        range 1..32767;
    }
    units seconds;
    default 180;
    description
    "Interval before better routes are released.";
}
leaf flush-interval {
    type uint16 {
        range 1..32767;
    }
    units seconds;
    default 240;
    description
    "Interval before a route is flushed from the routing
    table. This value must be larger than the value for the
    invalid-interval argument.";
}
} // timers

grouping global-attributes {
    description
    "Global configuration and state attributes.";
    uses originate-default-route-container;

    leaf default-metric {
        type uint8 {
            range 0..16;
        }
        default 0;
        description
        "Set the default metric.";
    }

    leaf distance {
        type uint8 {
            range 1..255;
        }
        default 120;
        description
        "The administrative distance of the RIPv2 or RIPng for the
        current RIPv2 or RIPng instance.";
    }
}
leaf triggered-update-threshold {
  type uint8 {
    range 1..30;
  }
  units seconds;
  default 5;
  description
  "This attribute is used to suppress triggered updates. When the arrival of a regularly scheduled update matches the number of seconds or is less than the number seconds configured with this attribute, the triggered update is suppressed.";
}

leaf maximum-paths {
  type uint8 {
    range 1..16;
  }
  default 8;
  description
  "The number of multiple equal-cost RIPv2 or RIPng routes that can be used as the best paths for balancing the load of outgoing traffic packets.";
}

leaf output-delay {
  type uint8 {
    range 1..50;
  }
  units milliseconds;
  description
  "A delay time between packets sent in multipacket RIPv2 or RIPng updates.";
}
}
} // global-attributes

grouping distribute-lists {
  description
  "Grouping for distribute lists.";
  list distribute-list {
    key "prefix-set-name direction";
    description
    "List of distribute-lists, which are used to filter in-coming or out-going routing updates.";
    leaf prefix-set-name {
      type prefix-set-ref;
      description
      "";
    }
  }
}

"Reference to a prefix list to be applied to RIPv2 or RIPng packets."

leaf direction {
  type enumeration {
    enum "in" {
      description
      "Apply the distribute-list to in-coming routes."
    }
    enum "out" {
      description
      "Apply the distribute-list to out-going routes."
    }
  }
  description
  "Direction of the routing updates."
}

leaf if-name {
  type if:interface-ref;
  description
  "Reference to an interface to which the prefix list is applied."
}

} // distribute-lists

grouping route-attributes {
  description
  "Grouping for route attributes."
  leaf redistributed {
    type boolean;
    description
    "Redistributed routes"
  }
}

leaf route-type {
  type enumeration {
    enum connected {
      description "Connected route."
    }
    enum external {
      description "External route."
    }
    enum external-backup {
      description "External backup route."
    }
  }
}
enum rip {
    description "RIP route.";
}

description "Route type.";

leaf metric {
    type uint8 {
        range 0..16;
    }
    description "Route metric.";
}

leaf expire-time {
    type uint16;
    description "Expiration time.";
}

leaf deleted {
    type boolean;
    description "Deleted route.";
}

leaf holddown {
    type boolean;
    description "Holddown route.";
}

leaf need-triggered-update {
    type boolean;
    description "The route needs triggered update.";
}

leaf inactive {
    type boolean;
    description "The route is inactive.";
}

leaf flush-expire-before-holddown {
    type boolean;
    description "The flush timer expired before holddown time.";
}
}

augment "/rt:routing/rt:control-plane-protocols/" + "/rt:control-plane-protocol" {
    when ",(rt:type, 'rip:rip')" {
        description
"Configuration data and operational state data nodes"
*/
"This augment is only valid for a routing protocol instance of RIP (type 'ripv2' or 'ripng').";
}
description "RIP augmentation."

container rip {
    description "RIP data.";

    uses global-attributes;
    uses distribute-lists;
    uses redistribute-container;
    uses timers-container;

    container interfaces {
        description "Containing a list of RIP interfaces.";
        list "interface" {
            key "interface";
            description "List of RIP interfaces.";
            leaf interface {
                type if:interface-ref;
                must "(derived-from-or-self(" + "./.../.../rt:type, 'rip:ripv2') and " + "/if:interfaces/if:interface[if:name=current()]/" + "ip:ipv4) or " + "(derived-from-or-self(" + ".../.../rt:type, 'rip:ripng') and " + "/if:interfaces/if:interface[if:name=current()]/" + "ip:ipv6)" {
                    error-message "Invalid interface type.";
                    description "RIPv2 can be enabled on IPv4 interface, and RIPng can be enabled on IPv6 interface.";
                }
                description "Enable RIP on this interface.";
            }
        }

        container authentication {
            when "derived-from-or-self("
                + "./../.../rt:type, 'rip:ripv2')" {
                description "Only applicable to RIPv2.";
            }
            description "Enables authentication and specifies the authentication scheme for the RIP interface";
        }
    }
}
choice auth-type-selection {
  description
    "Specify the authentication scheme.";
  reference
    "RFC8177: YANG Data Model for Key Chains.";
  case auth-key-chain {
    leaf key-chain {
      type key-chain:key-chain-ref;
      description
        "key-chain name.";
    }
  }
  case auth-key {
    leaf key {
      type string;
      description
        "Key string in ASCII format.";
    }
    leaf crypto-algorithm {
      type identityref {
        base key-chain:crypto-algorithm;
      }
      description
        "Cryptographic algorithm associated with key.";
    }
  }
}

container bfd {
  if-feature bfd;
  description "BFD configuration.";
  uses bfd-types:client-cfg-parms;
}

leaf cost {
  type uint8 {
    range 1..16;
  }
  default 1;
  description
    "Interface cost.";
}

container neighbors {
  if-feature explicit-neighbors;
  description
    "Specifies the RIP neighbors. Useful for a
non-broadcast multiple access (NBMA) network.

list neighbor {
  key "address";
  description "Specify a RIP neighbor on a non-broadcast network.";
  leaf address {
    type inet:ip-address;
    description "Neighbor IP address.";
  }
}

leaf no-listen {
  type empty;
  description "Disables listening to and processing of RIPv2 or RIPng packets on the specified interface.";
}

uses originate-default-route-container;

leaf passive {
  type empty;
  description "Disables sending of RIPv2 or RIPng packets on the specified interface.";
}

leaf split-horizon {
  type enumeration {
    enum disabled {
      description "Disables split-horizon processing.";
    }
    enum simple {
      description "Enables simple split-horizon processing.";
    }
    enum poison-reverse {
      description "Enables split-horizon processing with poison reverse.";
    }
  }
  default simple;
  description "Controls RIPv2 or RIPng split-horizon processing on the specified interface.";
container summary-address {
  description
  "Summarizes information about RIPv2 or RIPng routes
  sent over the specified interface in RIPv2 or RIPng
  update packets."
  leaf address {
    type inet:ip-prefix;
    description
    "IPv4 address, in the form A.B.C.D, and the prefix
    length, separated by the slash (/) character;
    or IPv6 address, in the form A:B:C:D:E:F:G:H, and
    the prefix length, separated by the slash (/)
    character.";
  }
  leaf metric {
    type uint8 {
      range 0..16;
    }
    description
    "Metric used for the route. If this attribute is not
    used, the value set through the default-metric
    attribute in RIPv2 or RIPng router configuration is
    used for the route."
  }
}

uses timers-container;

/* Operational state */
leaf oper-status {
  type enumeration {
    enum up {
      description
      "RIPv2 or RIPng is operational on this interface.";
    }
    enum down {
      description
      "RIPv2 or RIPng is not operational on this
      interface.";
    }
  }
  config false;
  description
  "Operational state.";
}
leaf next-full-update {
type uint32;
config false;
description
"Next full update time."
}
leaf valid-address {
    type boolean;
    config false;
    description
    "The interface has a valid address."
}

container statistics {
    if-feature interface-statistics;
    config false;
    description
    "Interface statistic counters."
    leaf discontinuity-time {
        type yang:date-and-time;
        description
        "The time on the most recent occasion at which any
        one or more of the statistic counters suffered a
        discontinuity. If no such discontinuities have
        occurred since the last re-initialization of the
        local management subsystem, then this node contains
        the time the local management subsystem
        re-initialized itself."
    }
    leaf bad-packets-rcvd {
        type yang:counter32;
        description
        "The number of RIP invalid packets received by
        the RIP process which were subsequently discarded
        for any reason (e.g. a version 0 packet, or an
        unknown command type)."
    }
    leaf bad-routes-rcvd {
        type yang:counter32;
        description
        "The number of routes, in valid RIP packets,
        which were ignored for any reason (e.g. unknown
        address family, or invalid metric)."
    }
    leaf updates-sent {
        type yang:counter32;
        description
        "The number of triggered RIP updates actually
        sent on this interface. This explicitly does
NOT include full updates sent containing new information.;

} // interface
} // interfaces

/* Operational state */
leaf next-triggered-update {
  type uint32;
  config false;
  description
    "Next triggered update.";
}

leaf num-of-routes {
  type uint32;
  config false;
  description
    "The number of routes.";
}

container ipv4 {
  when "derived-from-or-self(../..//rt:type, 'rip:ripv2')" {
    description
      "IPv4 address family is supported by RIPv2.";
  }
  config false;
  description
    "IPv4 address family information.";
  container neighbors {
    description
      "IPv4 neighbor information.";
    list neighbor {
      key "ipv4-address";
      description
        "A RIPv2 neighbor.";
      leaf ipv4-address {
        type inet:ipv4-address;
        description
          "IP address that a RIP neighbor is using as its source address.";
      }
      leaf last-update {
        type yang:date-and-time;
        description
          "The time when the most recent RIP update was received from this neighbor.";
    }
}
leaf bad-packets-rcvd {
  type yang:counter32;
  description
  "The number of RIP invalid packets received from
  this neighbor which were subsequently discarded
  for any reason (e.g. a version 0 packet, or an
  unknown command type).";
}

leaf bad-routes-rcvd {
  type yang:counter32;
  description
  "The number of routes received from this neighbor,
  in valid RIP packets, which were ignored for any
  reason (e.g. unknown address family, or invalid
  metric).";
}

} // neighbor
} // neighbors

container routes {
  description
  "IPv4 route information.";
  list route {
    key "ipv4-prefix";
    description
    "A RIPv2 IPv4 route.";
    leaf ipv4-prefix {
      type inet:ipv4-prefix;
      description
      "IP address (in the form A.B.C.D) and prefix length,
      separated by the slash (/) character. The range of
      values for the prefix-length is 0 to 32.";
    }
    leaf next-hop {
      type inet:ipv4-address;
      description
      "Next hop IPv4 address.";
    }
    leaf interface {
      type if:interface-ref;
      description
      "The interface that the route uses.";
    }
    uses route-attributes;
  } // route
} // routes
} // ipv4
container ipv6 {
    when "derived-from-or-self(../../rt:type, 'rip:ripng')" {
        description "IPv6 address family is supported by RIPng."
    }
    config false;
    description "IPv6 address family information.";
    container neighbors {
        description "IPv6 neighbor information.";
        list neighbor {
            key "ipv6-address";
            description "A RIPng neighbor."
            leaf ipv6-address {
                type inet:ipv6-address;
                description "IP address that a RIP neighbor is using as its source address.";
            }
            leaf last-update {
                type yang:date-and-time;
                description "The time when the most recent RIP update was received from this neighbor."
            }
            leaf bad-packets-rcvd {
                type yang:counter32;
                description "The number of RIP invalid packets received from this neighbor which were subsequently discarded for any reason (e.g. a version 0 packet, or an unknown command type)."
            }
            leaf bad-routes-rcvd {
                type yang:counter32;
                description "The number of routes received from this neighbor, in valid RIP packets, which were ignored for any reason (e.g. unknown address family, or invalid metric)."
            }
        }
    }
}
} // neighbors
container routes {
    description...
"IPv6 route information."

list route {
  key "ipv6-prefix";
  description
    "A RIPng IPv6 route."

  leaf ipv6-prefix {
    type inet:ipv6-prefix;
    description
    "IP address (in the canonical format defined in
     RFC5952) and prefix length, separated by the slash
     (/) character. The range of values for the
     prefix-length is 0 to 128.";
  }

  leaf next-hop {
    type inet:ipv6-address;
    description
    "Next hop IPv6 address."
  }

  leaf interface {
    type if:interface-ref;
    description
    "The interface that the route uses."
  }

  uses route-attributes;
} // route
} // routes
} // ipv6

container statistics {
  if-feature global-statistics;
  config false;
  description
    "Global statistic counters."

  leaf discontinuity-time {
    type yang:date-and-time;
    description
    "The time on the most recent occasion at which any one
    or more of the statistic counters suffered a
    discontinuity. If no such discontinuities have occurred
    since the last re-initialization of the local
    management subsystem, then this node contains the time
    the local management subsystem re-initialized itself.";
  }

  leaf requests-rcvd {
    type yang:counter32;
    description
    "The number of requests received by RIP.";
  }
leaf requests-sent {
    type yang:counter32;
    description
    "The number of requests sent by RIP.";
}
leaf responses-rcvd {
    type yang:counter32;
    description
    "The number of responses received by RIP.";
}
leaf responses-sent {
    type yang:counter32;
    description
    "The number of responses sent by RIP.";
}
} // statistics
} // container rip

/*
 * RPCs
 */

rpc clear-rip-route {
    description
    "Clears RIP routes from the IP routing table and routes redistributed into the RIP protocol for the specified RIP instance or for all RIP instances in the current context.";

    input {
        leaf rip-instance {
            type leafref {
                path "/rt:routing/rt:control-plane-protocols/"
                    + "rt:control-plane-protocol/rt:name";
            }
            description
            "Instance name identifying a specific RIP instance. This leaf is optional for the rpc. If it is specified, the rpc will clear all routes in the specified RIP instance; if it is not specified, the rpc will clear all routes in all RIP instances.";
        }
    } // rpc clear-rip-route
}
5. IANA Considerations

RFC Ed.: In this section, replace all occurrences of ‘XXXX’ with the actual RFC number (and remove this note).

This document registers the following namespace URIs in the IETF XML registry [RFC3688]:

--------------------------------------------------------------------
Registrant Contact: The IESG.
XML: N/A, the requested URI is an XML namespace.
--------------------------------------------------------------------

This document registers the following YANG modules in the YANG Module Names registry [RFC7950]:

--------------------------------------------------------------------
name:         ietf-rip
prefix:       rip
reference:    RFC XXXX
--------------------------------------------------------------------

6. Security Considerations

The configuration, state, and action data defined in this document are designed to be accessed via a management protocol with a secure transport layer, such as NETCONF [RFC6241]. The NETCONF access control model [RFC6536] provides the means to restrict access for particular NETCONF users to a preconfigured subset of all available NETCONF protocol operations and contents.

A number of configuration data nodes defined in this document are writable/creatable/deletable (i.e., "config true" in YANG terms, which is the default). These data nodes may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. Write operations to these data nodes, such as "edit-config" in NETCONF, can have negative effects on the network if the protocol operations are not properly protected. The vulnerable "config true" parameters and subtrees are the following:

/rt:routing/rt:control-plane-protocols/rt:control-plane-protocol/rip:rip

Unauthorized access to any node of these can adversely affect the routing subsystem of both the local device and the network. This may
lead to network malfunctions, delivery of packets to inappropriate destinations, and other problems.

This data model also defines a RPC "clear-rip-route", which may affect the routing subsystem in the same way as described above.

7. References

7.1. Normative References


7.2.  Informative References


Appendix A. Data Tree Example

This section contains an example of an instance data tree in the JSON encoding [RFC7951], containing both configuration and state data.

```
+---------------------+         +---------------------+
|                     |         |                     |
| Router 203.0.113.1  |         | Another Router      |
|                     |         |                     |
| +----------+----------+ |         | +---------+---------+ |
| | eth1     | 192.0.2.1/24 | 198.51.100.0/24   |
| | 192.0.2.2/24 |         |                 |
| +----------+----------+         +---------+---------+ |
```

The configuration instance data tree for Router 203.0.113.1 in the above figure could be as follows:
{  "ietf-interfaces:interfaces": {  "interface": [  {  "name": "eth1",  "description": "An interface with RIPv2 enabled.",  "type": "iana-if-type:ethernetCsmacd",  "ietf-ip:ipv4": {  "address": [  {  "ip": "192.0.2.1",  "prefix-length": 24  }  ],  "forwarding": true  }  }  ],  "ietf-routing:routing": {  "router-id": "203.0.113.1",  "control-plane-protocols": {  "control-plane-protocol": [  {  "type": "ietf-rip:ripv2",  "name": "ripv2-1",  "description": "RIPv2 instance ripv2-1.",  "ietf-rip:rip": {  "redistribute": {  "connected": {}  }  }  }  ]  }  }  }  }
The corresponding operational state data for Router 203.0.113.1 could be as follows:

```json
{
   "ietf-interfaces:interfaces": {
      "interface": [
         {
            "name": "eth1",
            "description": "An interface with RIPv2 enabled.",
            "type": "iana-if-type:ethernetCsmacd",
            "phys-address": "00:0C:42:E5:B1:E9",
            "oper-status": "up",
            "statistics": {
               "discontinuity-time": "2016-10-24T17:11:27+02:00"
            },
            "ietf-ip:ipv4": {
               "forwarding": true,
               "mtu": 1500,
               "address": [
                  {
                     "ip": "192.0.2.1",
                     "prefix-length": 24
                  }
               ]
            }
         }
      ],
      "ietf-routing:routing": {
         "router-id": "203.0.113.1",
         "interfaces": {
            "interface": [
               "eth1"
            ]
         },
         "control-plane-protocols": {
            "control-plane-protocol": [
               {
                  "type": "ietf-rip:rip",
                  "name": "ripv2-1"
               }
            ]
         }
      }
   }
}
```
"cost": 1,
"split-horizon": "poison-reverse",
"valid-address": true
}
]
}),
"ipv4" {
"neighbors": {
"neighbor": [
{
"address": "192.0.2.2"
}
]
}
"routes": {
"route": [
{
"ipv4-prefix": "192.0.2.1/24",
"interface": "eth1",
"redistributed": true,
"route-type": "connected",
"metric": 0,
"expire-time": 22
},
{
"ipv4-prefix": "198.51.100.0/24",
"next-hop": "192.0.2.2",
"interface": "eth1",
"redistributed": false,
"route-type": "rip",
"metric": 1,
"expire-time": 82
}
]
}
"statistics": {
"discontinuity-time": "2016-10-24T17:11:27+02:00",
"requests-rcvd": 523,
"requests-sent": 262,
"responses-rcvd": 261,
"responses-sent": 523
}
}
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