SSH Fingerprint Format

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Abstract

This document formally documents the fingerprint format in use for verifying public keys from SSH clients and servers.

Introduction

The security of the SSH protocols relies on the verification of public host keys. Since public keys tend to be very large, it is difficult for a human to verify an entire host key. Even with a PKI in place, it is useful to have a standard for exchanging short fingerprints of public keys.

This document formally describes the simple key fingerprint format.
Fingerprint Format

The fingerprint of a public key consists of the output of the MD5 message-digest algorithm [RFC-1321]. The input to the algorithm is the public key blob as described in [SSH-TRANS]. The output of the algorithm is presented to the user as a sequence of 16 octets printed as hexadecimal with lowercase letters and separated by colons.


References


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