Abstract

This document defines a data model for the Babel routing protocol. The data model is defined using the YANG data modeling language.

Requirements Language

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in BCP 14 [RFC2119] when, and only when, they appear in all capitals, as shown here..

Status of This Memo

This Internet-Draft is submitted in full conformance with the provisions of BCP 78 and BCP 79.

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1. Introduction

This document defines a data model for the Babel routing protocol [I-D.ietf-babel-rfc6126bis]. The data model is defined using the YANG [RFC7950] data modeling language. It is based on the Babel Information Model [I-D.ietf-babel-information-model].

Artwork in this document contains shorthand references to drafts in progress. Please apply the following replacements

- "XXXX" --> the assigned RFC value for this draft both in this draft and in the YANG models under the revision statement.
- Revision date in model, in the format 2018-04-27 needs to get updated with the date the draft gets approved. The date also needs to get reflected on the line with <CODE BEGINS>.

1.1. Definitions and Acronyms

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1.2. Tree Diagram

For a reference to the annotations used in tree diagrams included in this draft, please see YANG Tree Diagrams [RFC8340].

2. Babel Module

This document defines a YANG 1.1 [RFC7950] data model for the configuration and management of Babel. The YANG module is based on the Babel Information Model [I-D.ietf-babel-information-model].

2.1. Information Model

2.2. YANG Module

This module imports definitions from Common YANG Data Types [RFC6991].

module: ietf-babel
  +--rw babel!
  |   +--rw version?  string
  |   +--rw enable?   boolean
  |   +--rw router-id  binary
  |   +--rw link-type* identityref
  |   +--ro sequence-number?  yang:counter32
  |   +--rw cost-compute-algorithm* identityref
  |   +--rw security-supported* identityref
  |   +--rw transport
  |     +--rw udp-port?  inet:port-number
  |     +--rw mcast-group?  inet:ip-address
  |++--rw interfaces* [reference]
  |     |   +--rw reference  if:interface-ref
  |     |   +--rw enable?   boolean
  |     |   +--rw link-type? identityref
  |     |   +--ro mcast-hello-seqno?  int16
  |     |   +--ro ucast-hello-seqno?  int16
  |     |   +--ro mcast-hello-interval?  int16
  |     |   +--ro ucast-hello-interval?  int16
  |     |   +--rw update-interval?  uint32
  |     |   +--rw external-cost?  uint32
  |     |   +--rw message-log-enable?  boolean
  |     |   +--rw message-log* [log-time]
  |     |     |   +--rw log-time  yang:timestamp
  |     |     |   +--rw log-entry?  string
  |     |   +--rw neighbor-objects* [neighbor-address]
  |     |     |   +--rw neighbor-address  inet:ip-address
  |     |     |   +--rw hello-mcast-history?  string
  |     |     |   +--rw hello-ucast-history?  string
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---rw txcost?    int32
---rw exp-mcast-hello-seqno? int32
---rw exp-ucast-hello-seqno? int32
---rw neighbor-ihu-interval? int32
---rw rxcost?    int32
---rw cost?      int32

---rw security* [mechanism]
  ---rw mechanism    string
  ---rw enable?      boolean
  ---rw self-cred* [id]
    | ---rw id        string
    | ---rw cred?     binary
  ---rw trust* [id]
    | ---rw id        string
    | ---rw cred?     binary
  ---rw credvalid-log-enable? boolean
  ---rw credvalid-log* [log-time]
    ---rw log-time  yang:timestamp
    ---rw log-entry? string

---rw routes* [prefix]
  ---rw prefix        inet:ip-address
  ---rw prefix-length? inet:ip-prefix
  ---rw router-id?    binary

  ---rw neighbor?
    | --> ../../interfaces/neighbor-objects/neighbor-address
  ---rw (metric)
    | ---:(received-metric)
    |    | ---rw received-metric? int32
    | ---:(calculated-metric)
    |    | ---rw calculated-metric? int32
  ---rw seqno?        int32
  ---rw next-hop?     inet:ip-address
  ---rw feasible?     boolean
  ---rw selected?     boolean

---rw security* [mechanism]
  ---rw mechanism    string
  ---rw enable?      boolean
  ---rw self-cred* [id]
    | ---rw id        string
    | ---rw cred?     binary
  ---rw trust* [id]
    | ---rw id        string
    | ---rw cred?     binary
  ---rw credvalid-log-enable? boolean
  ---rw credvalid-log* [log-time]
    ---rw log-time  yang:timestamp
    ---rw log-entry? string

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<CODE BEGINS> file "ietf-babel@2018-10-21.yang"

module ietf-babel {
    yang-version 1.1;
    namespace "urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-babel";
    prefix babel;

    import ietf-yang-types {
        prefix yang;
        reference "RFC 6991 - Common YANG Data Types.";
    }

    import ietf-inet-types {
        prefix inet;
        reference "RFC 6991 - Common YANG Data Types.";
    }

    import ietf-interfaces {
        prefix if;
        reference "RFC 8343 - A YANG Data Model for Interface Management";
    }

    organization "IETF Babel routing protocol Working Group”;

    contact
        "WG Web: http://tools.ietf.org/wg/babel/
          WG List: babel@ietf.org

        Editor: Mahesh Jethanandani
          mjethanandani@gmail.com

        Editor: Barbara Stark
          bs7652@att.com”;

    description
        "This YANG module defines a model for the Babel routing protocol.

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This version of this YANG module is part of RFC XXXX; see the RFC itself for full legal notices.

revision 2018-10-21 {
  description
      "Initial version.";
  reference
      "RFC XXX: Babel YANG Data Model.";
}

/*
 * Identities
 */
identity babel-link-type {
  description
      "Base identity from which all Babel Link Types are derived.";
}

identity ethernet {
  base "babel-link-type";
  description
      "Ethernet link type for Babel Routing Protocol.";
}

identity other {
  base "babel-link-type";
  description
      "Other link type for Babel Routing Protocol.";
}

identity tunnel {
  base "babel-link-type";
  description
      "Tunnel link type for Babel Routing Protocol.";
}

identity wireless {
  base "babel-link-type";
  description
      "Wireless link type for Babel Routing Protocol.";
}

identity moca {
  base "babel-link-type";
  description
      "Multimedia over Coax Alliance.";
}

identity g-hn-over-coax {
  base "babel-link-type";
  description
      "G.hn over coax.";
  reference

"G.9960: Unified high-speed wireline-base home networking transceivers."
}

identity g-hn-over-powerline {
    base "babel-link-type";
    description
        "G.hn over powerline.";
    reference
        "G.9960: Unified high-speed wireline-base home networking transceivers.";
}

identity home-plug {
    base "babel-link-type";
    description
        "HomePlug Power Alliance.";
    reference
        "IEEE 1901: HD-PC";
}

identity ieee-802-15 {
    base "babel-link-type";
    description
        "Wireless Personal Area Networks (WPAN).";
    reference
        "IEEE 802.15: Wireless Personal Area Networks (WPAN).";
}

identity babel-cost-compute-algorithm {
    description
        "Base identity from which all Babel cost compute algorithms are derived.";
}

identity k-out-of-j {
    base "babel-cost-compute-algorithm";
    description
        "k-out-of-j algorithm.";
}

identity etx {
    base "babel-cost-compute-algorithm";
    description
        "Expected Transmission Count.";
}

/*
 * Babel type identities
 */

identity babel-security-supported {
    description
        "Base identity from which all Babel security types are
derived;}
}

/*@ Features */

/*@ Features supported */

/*@ Typedefs */
typedef base64 {
  type string {
    pattern '(([A-Za-z0-9+/]{4})*([A-Za-z0-9+/]{3}=|' + '[A-Za-z0-9+/]{2}==)?){1}';
  }
  description "A binary-to-text encoding scheme to represent binary data in an ASCII string format.";
  reference "RFC 4648, The Base16, Base32, and Base64 Data Encodings";
}

/*@ Groupings */
grouping log {
  leaf log-time {
    type yang:timestamp;
    description "The date and time (according to the device internal clock setting, which may be a time relative to boot time, acquired from NTP, configured by the user, etc.) when this log entry was created.";
    reference "RFC YYYY, Babel Information Model, Section 4.2.";
  }
  leaf log-entry {
    type string;
    description "The logged message, as a string of utf-8 encoded hex characters.";
    reference "RFC YYYY, Babel Information Model, Section 4.2.";
  }
}
grouping credential {
  leaf id {
    type string;
    description
    "An identifier that identifies this credential uniquely.";
  }

  leaf cred {
    type binary;
    description
    "A credential, such as an X.509 certificate, a public key, etc. used for signing and/or encrypting babel messages.";
    reference
    "RFC YYYY, Babel Information Model, Section 4.1.";
  }
}

grouping security {
  leaf mechanism {
    type string;
    description
    "The name of the security mechanism this object instance is about. The value MUST be the same as one of the identities listed as the babel-security-supported parameter.";
    reference
    "RFC YYYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.5.";
  }

  leaf enable {
    type boolean;
    description
    "If true, the security mechanism is running. If false, the security mechanism is not currently running.";
    reference
    "RFC YYYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.5.";
  }
}
list self-cred {
    key "id";

    uses credential;
    description
        "Credentials this router presents to participate in the
        enabled security mechanism. Any private key component of
        a credential MUST NOT be readable. Adding and deleting
        credentials MAY be allowed."
    reference
        "RFC YYYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.5.";
}

list trust {
    key "id";

    uses credential;
    description
        "A list of credential-obj objects that identify the
        credentials of routers whose babel messages may be
        trusted or of a certificate authority (CA) whose signing
        of a router’s credentials implies the router credentials
        can be trusted, in the context of this security
        mechanism. How a security mechanism interacts with this
        list is determined by the mechanism. A security algorithm
        may do additional validation of credentials, such as
        checking validity dates or revocation lists, so presence
        in this list may not be sufficient to determine trust.
        Adding and deleting credentials MAY be allowed."
    reference
        "RFC YYYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.5.";
}

leaf credvalid-log-enable {
    type boolean;
    description
        "If true, logging of messages that include credentials
        used for authentication is enabled. If false, these
        messages are not logged."
    reference
        "RFC YYYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.5.";
}

list credvalid-log {
    key "log-time";

    uses log;
    description
"Log entries that have the timestamp a message containing credentials used for peer authentication (e.g., DTLS Server Hello) was received on a Babel port, and the entire received message (including Ethernet frame and IP headers, if possible); an implementation must restrict the size of this log, but how and what size is implementation-specific."

reference
"RFC YYYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.5.";

} description
"A babel-security-obj list."
reference
"RFC YYYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.5.";

}/*
 * Data model
 */

container babel {
    presence "$A Babel container.";
    description
    "$This is a top level container for the Babel routing protocol.";

    leaf version {
        type string;
        description
        "$This is the version of the babel protocol implemented.";
        reference
        "$RFC YYYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.1.";
    }

    leaf enable {
        type boolean;
        default false;
        description
        "$When written, it configures whether the protocol should be enabled. A read from the <running> or <intended> datastore therefore indicates the configured administrative value of whether the protocol is enabled or not.

        A read from the <operational> datastore indicates whether the protocol is actually running or not, i.e. it indicates the operational state of the protocol.";
        reference
        "$RFC YYYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.1.";
    }

}
leaf router-id {
    type binary;
    mandatory "true";
    description "Every Babel speaker is assigned a router-id, which is an arbitrary string of 8 octets that is assumed to be unique across the routing domain";
    reference "RFC YYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.1, rfc6126bis, The Babel Routing Protocol. Section 3.";
}

leaf-list link-type {
    type identityref {
        base "babel-link-type";
    }
    description "Link types supported by this implementation of Babel.";
    reference "RFC YYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.1.";
}

leaf sequence-number {
    type yang:counter32;
    config false;
    description "Sequence number included in route updates for routes originated by this node.";
    reference "RFC YYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.1.";
}

leaf-list cost-compute-algorithm {
    type identityref {
        base "babel-cost-compute-algorithm";
    }
    description "List of cost compute algorithms supported by this implementation of Babel.";
    reference "RFC YYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.1.";
}

leaf-list security-supported {
    type identityref {
        base "babel-security-supported";
    }
    description
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"Babel security mechanism used by this implementation or
per interface.";
reference
"RFC YYYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.1.";
}

container transport {
  leaf udp-port {
    type inet:port-number;
    default "6696";
    description
    "UDP port for sending and receiving Babel messages. The
default port is 6696.";
    reference
    "RFC YYYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.2.";
  }
}

leaf mcast-group {
  type inet:ip-address;
  default "ff02:0:0:0:0:0:1:6";
  description
  "Multicast group for sending and receiving multicast
announcements on IPv6.";
  reference
  "RFC YYYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.2.";
}

description
"Babel Transport object.";
reference
"RFC YYYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.1.";
}

list interfaces {
  key "reference";

  leaf reference {
    type if:interface-ref;
    description
    "Reference to an interface object as defined by the data
model (e.g., YANG, BBF TR-181); data model is assumed to
allow for referencing of interface objects which may be at
any layer (physical, Ethernet MAC, IP, tunneled IP, etc.).
Referencing syntax will be specific to the data model. If
there is no set of interface objects available, this should
be a string that indicates the interface name used by the
underlying operating system.";
    reference
    "RFC YYYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.3.";
  }
}
leaf enable {
  type boolean;
  default "true";
  description
    "If true, babel sends and receives messages on this
     interface. If false, babel messages received on this
     interface are ignored and none are sent.";
  reference
    "RFC YYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.3.";
}
leaf link-type {
  type identityref {
    base babel-link-type;
  }
  description
    "Indicates the type of link. Set of values of supported
     link types where the following enumeration values MUST
     be supported when applicable: 'ethernet', 'wireless',
     'tunnel', and 'other'. Additional values MAY be
     supported.";
  reference
    "RFC YYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.3.";
}
leaf mcast-hello-seqno {
  type int16;
  config false;
  description
    "The current sequence number in use for multicast hellos
     sent on this interface.";
  reference
    "RFC YYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.3.";
}
leaf ucast-hello-seqno {
  type int16;
  config false;
  description
    "The current sequence number in use for unicast hellos
     sent on this interface.";
  reference
    "RFC YYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.3.";
}
leaf mcast-hello-interval { 
  type int16;
  config false;
  description
    "The current multicast hello interval in use for hellos
     sent on this interface.";
  reference
    "RFC YYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.3."; 
}
leaf ucast-hello-interval {
  type int16;
  config false;
  description
    "The current unicast hello interval in use for hellos sent
     on this interface.";
  reference
    "RFC YYYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.3.";
}
leaf update-interval {
  type uint32;
  description
    "The current update interval in use for this interface.";
  reference
    "RFC YYYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.3.";
}
leaf external-cost {
  type uint32;
  description
    "External input to cost of link of this interface. If
     supported, this is a value that is added to the metrics
     of routes learned over this interface. How an
     implementation uses the value is up to the implementation,
     which means the use may not be consistent across
     implementations.";
  reference
    "RFC YYYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.3.";
}
leaf message-log-enable {
  type boolean;
  description
    "If true, logging of babel messages received on this
     interface is enabled; if false, babel messages are not
     logged.";
  reference
    "RFC YYYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.3.";
}
list message-log {
  key "log-time";
  uses log;
  description
    "Log entries that have timestamp of a received Babel
     message and the entire received Babel message (including
     Ethernet frame and IP headers, if possible). An

implementation must restrict the size of this log, but how and what size is implementation specific.

RFC YYYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.3.

list neighbor-objects {
    key "neighbor-address";

    leaf neighbor-address {
        type inet:ip-address;
        description "IPv4 or v6 address the neighbor sends messages from.";
        reference "RFC YYYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.4.";
    }

    leaf hello-mcast-history {
        type string;
        description "The multicast Hello history of whether or not the multicast Hello messages prior to babel-exp-mcast-hello-seqno were received, with a '1' for the most recent Hello placed in the most significant bit and prior Hellos shifted right (with '0' bits placed between prior Hellos and most recent Hello for any not-received Hellos); represented as a string using utf-8 encoded hex digits where a '1' bit = Hello received and a '0' bit = Hello not received.";
        reference "RFC YYYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.4.";
    }

    leaf hello-ucast-history {
        type string;
        description "The unicast Hello history of whether or not the unicast Hello messages prior to babel-exp-ucast-hello-seqno were received, with a '1' for the most recent Hello placed in the most significant bit and prior Hellos shifted right (with '0' bits placed between prior Hellos and most recent Hello for any not-received Hellos); represented as a string using utf-8 encoded hex digits where a '1' bit = Hello received and a '0' bit = Hello not received.";
        reference "RFC YYYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.4.";
    }
}
leaf txcost {
  type int32;
  description
    "Transmission cost value from the last IHU packet
    received from this neighbor, or maximum value
    (infinity) to indicates the IHU hold timer for this
    neighbor has expired description.";
  reference
    "RFC YYYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.4.";
}

leaf exp-mcast-hello-seqno {
  type int32;
  description
    "Expected multicast Hello sequence number of next Hello
    to be received from this neighbor; if multicast Hello
    messages are not expected, or processing of multicast
    messages is not enabled, this MUST be 0.";
  reference
    "RFC YYYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.4.";
}

leaf exp-ucast-hello-seqno {
  type int32;
  description
    "Expected unicast Hello sequence number of next Hello to
    be received from this neighbor; if unicast Hello
    messages are not expected, or processing of unicast
    messages is not enabled, this MUST be 0.";
  reference
    "RFC YYYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.4.";
}

leaf neighbor-ihu-interval {
  type int32;
  description
    "Current IHU interval for this neighbor.";
  reference
    "RFC YYYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.4.";
}

leaf rxcost {
  type int32;
  description
    "Reception cost calculated for this neighbor. This value
    is usually derived from the Hello history, which may be
    combined with other data, such as statistics maintained
    by the link layer. The rxcost is sent to a neighbour in
leaf cost {
  type int32;
  description
    "Link cost is computed from the values maintained in
    the neighbour table. The statistics kept in the neighbour
    table about the reception of Hellos, and the txcost
    computed from received IHU packets.";
  reference
    "RFC YYYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.4.";
}

list security {
  key "mechanism";
  uses security;
  description
    "A security-obj object that applies to this interface. If
    implemented, this allows security to be enabled only on
    specific interfaces or allows different security mechanisms
    to be enabled on different interfaces.";
  reference
    "RFC YYYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.3.";
}

list routes {
  key "prefix";

  leaf prefix {
    type inet:ip-address;
    description
      "Prefix (expressed in IP address format) for which this
      route is advertised.";
    reference
      "RFC YYYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.4.";
  }

  description
    "A set of Babel Neighbor Object.";
  reference
    "RFC YYYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.3.";
}

list routes {
  key "prefix";

  leaf prefix {
    type inet:ip-address;
    description
      "Prefix (expressed in IP address format) for which this
      route is advertised.";
    reference
      "RFC YYYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.4.";
  }

  description
    "A set of Babel Interface objects.";
  reference
    "RFC YYYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.1.";
}

list routes {
  key "prefix";

  leaf prefix {
    type inet:ip-address;
    description
      "Prefix (expressed in IP address format) for which this
      route is advertised.";
    reference
      "RFC YYYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.4.";
  }

  description
    "A set of Babel Interface objects.";
  reference
    "RFC YYYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.1.";
}

list routes {
  key "prefix";

  leaf prefix {
    type inet:ip-address;
    description
      "Prefix (expressed in IP address format) for which this
      route is advertised.";
    reference
      "RFC YYYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.4.";
  }

  description
    "A set of Babel Interface objects.";
  reference
    "RFC YYYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.1.";
}
leaf prefix-length {
  type inet:ip-prefix;
  description "Length of the prefix for which this route is advertised.";
  reference "RFC YYYYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.6.";
}

leaf router-id {
  type binary;
  description "router-id of the source router for which this route is advertised.";
  reference "RFC YYYYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.6.";
}

leaf neighbor {
  type leafref {
    path "../..//interfaces/neighbor-objects/neighbor-address";
  }
  description "Reference to the babel-neighbors entry for the neighbor that advertised this route.";
  reference "RFC YYYYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.6.";
}

choice metric {
  mandatory "true";
  leaf received-metric {
    type int32;
    description "The metric with which this route was advertised by the neighbor, or maximum value (infinity) to indicate a the route was recently retracted and is temporarily unreachable. this metric will be 0 (zero) if the route was not received from a neighbor but was generated through other means. Either babel-route-calculated-metric or babel-route-received-metric MUST be provided.";
    reference "RFC YYYYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.6, draft-ietf-babel-rfc6126bis, The Babel Routing Protocol, Section 3.5.5.";
  }
}
leaf calculated-metric {
  type int32;
  description
      "A calculated metric for this route. How the metric is calculated is implementation-specific. Maximum value (infinity) indicates the route was recently retracted and is temporarily unreachable. Either babel-route-calculated-metric or babel-route-received-metric MUST be provided.";
  reference
      "RFC YYYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.6, draft-ietf-babel-rfc6126bis, The Babel Routing Protocol, Section 3.5.5.";
}

leaf seqno {
  type int32;
  description
      "The sequence number with which this route was advertised.";
  reference
      "RFC YYYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.6.";
}

leaf next-hop {
  type inet:ip-address;
  description
      "The next-hop address of this route. This will be empty if this route has no next-hop address.";
  reference
      "RFC YYYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.6.";
}

leaf feasible {
  type boolean;
  description
      "A boolean flag indicating whether this route is feasible.";
  reference
      "RFC YYYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.6, draft-ietf-babel-rfc6126bis, The Babel Routing Protocol, Section 3.5.1.";
leaf selected {
  type boolean;
  description
    "A boolean flag indicating whether this route is selected, i.e., whether it is currently being used for forwarding and is being advertised."
  reference
    "RFC YYYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.6.";
}

description
  "A set of babel-route-obj objects. Includes received and routes routes."
reference
  "RFC YYYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.1.";
}

list security {
  key "mechanism";

  uses security;

  description
    "A security-obj object that applies to all interfaces. If this object is implemented, it allows a security mechanism to be enabled or disabled in a manner that applies to all Babel messages on all interfaces"
  reference
    "RFC YYYY, Babel Information Model, Section 3.1.";
}

3. IANA Considerations

This document registers ?? URIs and ?? YANG modules.

3.1. URI Registrations

3.2. YANG Module Name Registration

This document registers ?? YANG module in the YANG Module Names registry YANG [RFC6020].
4. Security Considerations

The YANG module specified in this document defines a schema for data that is designed to be accessed via network management protocol such as NETCONF [RFC6241] or RESTCONF [RFC8040]. The lowest NETCONF layer is the secure transport layer and the mandatory-to-implment secure transport is SSH [RFC6242]. The lowest RESTCONF layer is HTTPS, and the mandatory-to-implement secure transport is TLS [RFC8446].

The NETCONF Access Control Model (NACM [RFC8341]) provides the means to restrict access for particular NETCONF users to a pre-configured subset of all available NETCONF protocol operations and content.

There are a number of data nodes defined in the YANG module which are writable/creatable/deletable (i.e., config true, which is the default). These data nodes may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. Write operations (e.g., <edit-config>) to these data nodes without proper protection can have a negative effect on network operations.

These are the subtrees and data nodes and their sensitivity/vulnerability:

5. Acknowledgements

6. References

6.1. Normative References

[I-D.ietf-babel-rfc6126bis]


6.2. Informative References

[I-D.ietf-babel-information-model]


Appendix A. An Appendix

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