SIP Call-Info Parameters for Rich Call Data
draft-wendt-sipcore-callinfo-rcd-00

Abstract

This document describes a SIP Call-Info parameter defined to include rich data associated with the identity of the calling party that can be rendered to called party for providing more useful information about the caller or the specific reason for the call. This includes extended comprehensive information about the caller such as what a jCard object can represent for describing the calling party. The element defined for this purpose is intended to be extensible to accommodate related information about calls that helps people decide whether to pick up the phone and additionally with the use of jCard be compatible with the STIR/PASSporT Rich Call Data framework.

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1. Introduction

Traditional telephone network signaling protocols have long supported delivering a 'calling name' from the originating side, though in practice, the terminating side is often left to derive a name from the calling party number by consulting a local address book or an external database. SIP similarly can carry a 'display-name' in the From header field value from the originating to terminating side, though it is an unsecured field that is not commonly trusted. The same is true of information in the Call-Info header field.

To allow calling parties to initiate and called parties to receive a more comprehensive deterministic and extensible rich call data for incoming calls, we describe a new token for the SIP [RFC3261] Call-Info header field and purpose parameter. For this document and depending on the policies of the communications system, calling parties could either be the end user device or an originating service provider and called parties could also similarly be an end user device or the terminating service provider acting on behalf of the recipient of the call.

This specification, on it’s own, inherently assumes that called party user agent can trust the SIP network or the SIP provider to deliver the correct rich call data (RCD) information. This may not always be the case and thus, the entity inserting the Call-Info header field and the UAS relying on it SHOULD be part of the same trust domain [RFC3324]. Alternatively, and likely the recommended approach is the entity inserting the call-info header should also sign the caller information via STIR mechanisms [RFC8224] and specifically through the [I-D.ietf-stir-passport-rcd] is likely either to be the caller itself or the originating service provider using an authoritative signature to authenticate the information is from the originator and hasn’t been tampered with in transmission.

2. Terminology

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "NOT RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in BCP 14 [RFC2119] [RFC8174] when, and only when, they appear in all capitals, as shown here.
3. Overview

The Call-Info header field, defined in [RFC3261] Section 20.9, defines a purpose parameter currently with "info", "icon", and "card" tokens. This document defines the purpose value of "jcard" which is used to associate rich call data related to the identity of the calling party in the form of a jCard [RFC7095]. While there is a "card" token that is already defined with similar purpose, there are two primary reasons for the definition and usage of jCard and the use of JSON over the XML based vCard [RFC2426]. JSON has become the default and optimally supported for transmission, parsing, and manipulation of data on IP networks. jCard has also been defined in [I-D.ietf-stir-passport-rcd] and has been adopted by PASSporT [RFC8225] because of the usage of JSON Web Tokens (JWT) [RFC7519].

4. "jcard" Call-Info Token

The use of the new Call-Info Token "jcard" is for the purpose of supporting RCD associated with the identity of a calling party in a SIP call [RFC3261] Section 20.9. The format of a Call-Info header field when using the "jcard" is as follows.

The Call-Info header should include a URI where the resource pointed to by the URI is a jCard JSON object defined in [RFC7095]. The URI MUST define the use HTTPS or a transport that can validate the integrity of the source of the resource as well as the transport channel the resource is retrieved.

An example of a Call-Info header field is:

    Call-Info: <https://example.com/jbond.json>

An example jCard JSON file is shown as follows:
5. Usage of jCard and property specific usage

Beyond the definition of the specific properties or JSON arrays associated with each property. This specification defines a few rules above and beyond [RFC7095] specific to making sure there is a minimum level of supported properties that every implementation of this specification should adhere to. This includes the support of interpreting the value of this property and the ability to render in some form appropriate to the display capabilities of the device. This includes requirements specific to either textual displays and graphics capable displays.

5.1. Identification properties

These types are used to capture information associated with the identification and naming of the entity associated with the jCard.

5.1.1. "fn" property

The "fn" property MUST be supported with the intent of providing a formatted text corresponding to the name of the object the jCard represents. Reference [RFC6350] Section 6.2.1.

Example:
["fn", {}, "text", "Mr. John Q. Public\, Esq."]
5.1.2. "n" property

The "n" property SHOULD be supported with the intent of providing the components of the name of the object the jCard represents. Reference [RFC6350] Section 6.2.2.

Example:
"n", {}, "text", "Public;John;Quinlan;Mr.;Esq."
"n", {}, "text", "Stevenson;John;Philip,Paul;Dr.;Jr.,M.D.,A.C.P."

5.1.3. "nickname" property

The "nickname" property SHOULD be supported with the intent of providing the text corresponding to the nickname of the object the jCard represents. Reference [RFC6350] Section 6.2.3.

Example:
"nickname", {}, "text", "Robbie"
"nickname", {}, "text", "Jim,Jimmie"
"nickname", {}, "text", "TYPE=work:Boss"

5.1.4. "photo" property

The "photo" property MUST be supported with the intent of an image or photograph information that annotates some aspect of the object the jCard represents. Reference [RFC6350] Section 6.2.4.

In addition to the definition of jCard, and to promote interoperability and proper formatting and rendering of images, the photo SHOULD correspond to a square image size of the sizes 128x128, 256x256, 512x512, or 1024x1024 pixels.

Example:
"photo", {}, "uri", "http://www.example.com/pub/photos/jqpublic.gif"

5.2. Delivery Addressing Properties

These properties are concerned with information related to the delivery addressing or label for the jCard object.

5.2.1. "adr" property

The "adr" property MUST be supported with the intent of providing the delivery address of the object the jCard represents. Reference [RFC6350] Section 6.3.1.
Example:

```
["adr", {"type":"work"}, "text", 
  ["", "", "3100 Massachusetts Avenue NW", "Washington", "DC", "20008", "USA"]
```

5.3. Communications Properties

These properties describe information about how to communicate with the object the jCard represents.

5.3.1. "tel" property

The "tel" property MUST be supported with the intent of providing the telephone number for telephony communication of the object the jCard represents. Reference [RFC6350] Section 6.4.1.

Relative to the SIP From header field this information may provide alternate telephone number or other related telephone numbers for other uses.

Example:

```
["tel", { "type": ["voice", "text", "cell"], "pref": "1" }, "uri", 
  "tel:+1-202-555-1000"]
["tel", { "type": ["fax"] }, "uri", "tel:+1-202-555-1001"]
```

5.3.2. "email" property

The "email" property MUST be supported with the intent of providing the electronic mail address for communication of the object the jCard represents. Reference [RFC6350] Section 6.4.2.

Example:

```
["email", {"type":"work"}, "text", "jqpublic@xyz.example.com"]
["email", {"pref":"1"}, "text", "jane_doe@example.com"]
```

5.3.3. "lang" property

The "lang" property MUST be supported with the intent of providing the language(s) that may be used for contacting of the object the jCard represents. Reference [RFC6350] Section 6.4.4.

Example:

```
["lang", {"type":"work", "pref":"1"}, "language-tag", "en"]
["lang", {"type":"work", "pref":"2"}, "language-tag", "fr"]
["lang", {"type":"home"}, "language-tag", "fr"]
```
5.4. Geographical Properties

These properties are concerned with information associated with geographical positions or regions associated with the object the jCard represents.

5.4.1. "tz" property

The "tz" property MUST be supported with the intent of providing the time zone of the object the jCard represents. Reference [RFC6350] Section 6.5.1.

Editor Note: recommendations of representing Time Zone don’t seem to be clear. TBD.

Example:
["tz", {}, "text", "Raleigh/North America"]

5.4.2. "geo" property

The "geo" property MUST be supported with the intent of providing the global positioning of the object the jCard represents. Reference [RFC6350] Section 6.5.2.

Example:
["geo", {}, "uri", "geo:37.386013,-122.082932"]

5.5. Organizational Properties

These properties are concerned with information associated with characteristics of the organization or organizational units of the object that the jCard represents.

5.5.1. "title" property

text

5.5.2. "role" property

text

5.5.3. "logo" property

text
5.5.4.  "org" property
text

5.5.5.  "member" property
text

5.5.6.  "related" property
text

5.6.  Explanatory Properties

These properties are concerned with additional explanations, such as
text that related to informational notes or revisions specific to the
text jCard.

5.6.1.  "catagories" property
text ref 6.7.1

5.6.2.  "note" property
text ref 6.7.2

5.6.3.  "sound" property
text ref 6.7.5 (ringtone?)

5.6.4.  "uid" property
text ref 6.7.6 (origID like value?)

5.6.5.  "url" property
text ref 6.7.8

6.  Extension of jCard

Part of the intent of the usage of jCard is that it has it’s own
text extensibility properties where new properties can be defined to relay
newly defined information related to a caller. This capability is
newly inherently supported as part of standard extensibility. However,
text usage of those new properties should be published and registered
following [RFC7095] Section 3.6 or new specifications.
7. Acknowledgements

We would like to thank members of the STIR working group for helpful suggestions and comments for the creation of this draft.

8. IANA Considerations

8.1. SIP Call-Info Header Field Purpose Token Request

[this RFC] defines the "jcard" token for use as a new token in the Call-Info header in the "Header Field Parameters and Parameter Values" registry defined by [RFC3968].

+-----------------+----------------+-------------------+------------+
| Header Field    | Parameter Name | Predefined Values | Reference  |
| Call-Info       | jcard          | No                | [this RFC] |
+-----------------+----------------+-------------------+------------+

9. Security Considerations

Revealing information such as the name, location, and affiliation of a person necessarily entails certain privacy risks. SIP and Call-Info has no particular confidentiality requirement, as the information sent in SIP is in the clear anyway. Transport-level security can be used to hide information from eavesdroppers, and the same confidentiality mechanisms would protect any Call-Info or jCard information carried or referred to in SIP.

10. References

10.1. Normative References

[I-D.ietf-stir-passport-rcd]


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10.2. Informative References


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