Prefix Exclude Option for DHCPv6-based Prefix Delegation

Abstract

This specification defines an optional mechanism to allow exclusion of one specific prefix from a delegated prefix set when using DHCPv6-based prefix delegation. The new mechanism updates RFC 3633.

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1. Introduction

This specification defines an optional mechanism and the related DHCPv6 option to allow exclusion of one specific prefix from a delegated prefix set when using DHCPv6-based prefix delegation.

The prefix exclusion mechanism is targeted at deployments where DHCPv6-based prefix delegation is used, but a single aggregated route/prefix has to represent one customer, instead of using one prefix for the link between the delegating router and the requesting router and another prefix for the customer network. The mechanism defined in this specification allows a delegating router to use a prefix out of the delegated prefix set on the link through which it exchanges DHCPv6 messages with the requesting router, and is intended for use in networks where each requesting router is on its own layer-2 domain.

2. Requirements and Terminology

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in [RFC2119].
3. Problem Background

DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation (DHCPv6-PD) [RFC3633] has an explicit limitation described in Section 12.1 of [RFC3633] that a prefix delegated to a requesting router cannot be used by the delegating router. This restriction implies that the delegating router will have two (non-aggregatable) routes towards a customer: one for the link between the requesting router and the delegating router, and one for the customer site behind the requesting router.

There are architectures and link models where a host (e.g., a mobile router, also acting as a requesting router) always has a single (/64) prefix configured on its uplink interface and the delegating router is also the requesting router’s first-hop router. Furthermore, it may be required that the prefix configured on the uplink interface has to be aggregatable with the delegated prefixes. This introduces a problem in how to use DHCPv6-PD together with stateless [RFC4862] or stateful [RFC3315] address autoconfiguration on a link where the /64 advertised is also part of the prefix delegated (e.g., /56) to the requesting router.

4. Solution

4.1. Prefix Delegation with Excluded Prefixes

This specification defines a new DHCPv6 option, OPTION_PD_EXCLUDE (67), that is used to exclude exactly one prefix from a delegated prefix. The OPTION_PD_EXCLUDE is included in the OPTION_IA_PREFIX IAprefix-options field. There can be at most one OPTION_PD_EXCLUDE option in one OPTION_IA_PREFIX option. The OPTION_PD_EXCLUDE option allows prefix delegation where a requesting router is delegated a prefix (e.g., /56) and the delegating router uses one prefix (e.g., /64) on the link through which it exchanges DHCPv6 messages with the requesting router with a prefix out of the same delegated prefix set.

A requesting router includes an OPTION_ORO option with the OPTION_PD_EXCLUDE option code in a Solicit, Request, Renew, or Rebind message to inform the delegating router about the support for the prefix delegation functionality defined in this specification. A delegating router may include the OPTION_PD_EXCLUDE option code in an OPTION_ORO option in a Reconfigure message to indicate that the requesting router should request OPTION_PD_EXCLUDE from the delegating router.
The delegating router includes the prefix in the OPTION_PD_EXCLUDE option that is excluded from the delegated prefix set. The requesting router MUST NOT assign the excluded prefix to any of its downstream interfaces.

4.2. Prefix Exclude Option

```
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1
+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+
|       OPTION_PD_EXCLUDE       |         option-len            |
+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+
|  prefix-len   | IPv6 subnet ID (1 to 16 octets)               ~
+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+-+
```

Prefix Exclude Option

- option-code: OPTION_PD_EXCLUDE (67).
- option-len: 1 + length of IPv6 subnet ID in octets. A valid option-len is between 2 and 17.
- prefix-len: The length of the excluded prefix in bits. The prefix-len MUST be between 'OPTION_IAPREFIX prefix-length'+1 and 128.
- IPv6 subnet ID: A variable-length IPv6 subnet ID up to 128 bits.

The IPv6 subnet ID contains prefix-len minus 'OPTION_IAPREFIX prefix-length' bits extracted from the excluded prefix starting from the bit position 'OPTION_IAPREFIX prefix-length'. The extracted subnet ID MUST be left-shifted to start from a full octet boundary, i.e., left-shift of 'OPTION_IAPREFIX prefix-length' mod 8 bits. The subnet ID MUST be zero-padded to the next full octet boundary.
The encoding of the IPv6 subnet ID can be expressed in a C-like pseudocode as shown below:

```c
uint128_t p1;           // the delegated IPv6 prefix
uint128_t p2;           // the excluded IPv6 prefix
uint16_t a;             // the OPTION_IAPREFIX prefix-length
uint8_t b;              // the excluded IPv6 prefix length
uint8_t s;

// sanity checks
s = 128-a;              // size of non-prefix bits
assert(b>a);            // b must be at least a+1
assert(p1>>s == p2>>s);  // p1 and p2 must share a common
                         // prefix of ’a’ bits

// calculate the option content
uint16_t c = b-a-1;      // the IPv6_subnet_ID_length-1 in bits
uint16_t d = (c/8)+1;    // the IPv6_subnet_ID_length in octets
uint128_t p = p2<<a;     // p is the IPv6 subnet ID that has the
                         // common p1 prefix left-shifted out to
                         // a full octet boundary (trailing bits
                         // are zeroed)

// populate the option

uint8_t* id = &OPTION_PD_EXCLUDE.IPv6_subnet_ID;
OPTION_PD_EXCLUDE.option_len = d+1;
OPTION_PD_EXCLUDE.prefix_len = b;

while (d-- > 0) {
    *id++ = p>>120;
    p <<= 8;
}
```

The OPTION_PD_EXCLUDE option MUST only be included in the OPTION_IAPREFIX IAprefix-options [RFC3633] field.

Any prefix excluded from the delegated prefix MUST be contained in OPTION_PD_EXCLUDE options within the corresponding OPTION_IAPREFIX.

The prefix included in the OPTION_PD_EXCLUDE option shares the same preferred-lifetime and valid-lifetime as the delegated prefix in the encapsulating OPTION_IAPREFIX option.

The prefix in the OPTION_PD_EXCLUDE option MUST be part of the delegated prefix in the OPTION_IAPREFIX. For example, the requesting
The requesting router locates and selects a delegating router in the same way as described in Section 11 [RFC3633]. This specification only describes the additional steps required by the use of the OPTION_PD_EXCLUDE option.

5.1. Requesting Router

If the requesting router implements the solution described in Section 4.1, then the requesting router SHOULD include the OPTION_PD_EXCLUDE option code in the OPTION_ORO option in Solicit messages.

Once receiving Advertise message(s), the requesting router uses the prefix(es) received in OPTION_PD_EXCLUDE, in addition to the advertised prefixes, to choose the delegating router. The requesting router MUST proceed to the Prefix Delegation procedure described in Section 6.1. If the Advertise message did not include the OPTION_PD_EXCLUDE option, then the requesting router MUST fall back to normal behavior, as described in Section 11.1 of [RFC3633].

5.2. Delegating Router

If the OPTION_ORO option in the Solicit message includes the OPTION_PD_EXCLUDE option code, then the delegating router knows that the requesting router supports the solution defined in this specification. If the Solicit message also contains an IA_PD option, the delegating router can delegate to the requesting router a prefix
that includes the prefix already assigned to the requesting router’s
uplink interface. The delegating router includes the prefix
originally, or to be, assigned to the requesting router in the
OPTION_PD_EXCLUDE option within the OPTION_IAPREFIX IAprefix-option
in the Advertise message.

If the OPTION_ORO option in the Solicit message does not include the
OPTION_PD_EXCLUDE option code, then the delegating router MUST fall
back to normal behavior, as described in Section 11.2 of [RFC3633].

If the OPTION_ORO option in the Solicit message includes the
OPTION_PD_EXCLUDE option code but the delegating router does not
support the solution described in this specification, then the
deleagating router acts as specified in [RFC3633].

6. Requesting Router-Initiated Prefix Delegation

The procedures described in the following sections are aligned with
Section 12 of [RFC3633]. In this specification, we only describe the
additional steps required by the use of the OPTION_PD_EXCLUDE option.

6.1. Requesting Router

The requesting router behavior regarding the use of the
OPTION_PD_EXCLUDE option is mostly identical to the steps described
in Section 5.1, with the difference being the use of a DHCPv6 Request
instead of an Solicit message. The requesting router SHOULD include
the OPTION_PD_EXCLUDE option code in the OPTION_ORO option for DHCPv6
messages as described in Section 22.7 of [RFC3315]. The requesting
router SHOULD include the OPTION_PD_EXCLUDE option code in the
OPTION_ORO option for DHCPv6 messages as described in Section 22.7 of
[RFC3315].

The requesting router uses a Release message to return the delegated
prefix(es) to a delegating router. The prefix(es) to be released
MUST be included in the IA_PDs along with the excluded prefix
included in the OPTION_PD_EXCLUDE option. The requesting router MUST
NOT use the OPTION_PD_EXCLUDE option to introduce an additional
excluded prefix in the Release message for which it originally got a
valid binding.

The requesting router must create sink routes for the delegated
prefixes, minus the excluded prefixes. This may be done by creating
sink routes for delegated prefixes and more specific routes for the
excluded prefixes.
6.2. Delegating Router

The delegating router behavior regarding the use of the OPTION_PD_EXCLUDE option is more or less identical to the step described in Section 5.2. The only difference is the DHCPv6 messages used to carry the OPTION_PD_EXCLUDE option.

The delegating router may mark any prefix(es) in the IA_PD Prefix options in a Release message from a requesting router as ‘available’, excluding the prefix included in the OPTION_PD_EXCLUDE options. If the Release message contains a ‘new’ excluded prefix in any OPTION_PD_EXCLUDE option, the delegating router MUST send a Reply message with the Status Code set to NoBinding for that IA_PD option.

7. Security Considerations

Security considerations for DHCPv6 are described in Section 23 of [RFC3315]. For DHCPv6 Prefix Delegation, they are described in Section 15 of [RFC3633]. In particular, RFC 3633 provides recommendations for protection against prefix delegation attacks. This specification does not add any new security considerations beyond those provided by RFC 3633.

8. IANA Considerations

A new DHCPv6 Option Code has been reserved from the "Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6 (DHCPv6)" registry for DHCP Option Codes.

```
OPTION_PD_EXCLUDE   (67)
```

9. Acknowledgements

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10. References

10.1. Normative References


10.2. Informative References

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